

Anjuman Khairul Islam's

POONA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University: ID No PU/PN/ASC/023/1970

• Junior College Index No: J-11.15.004

· Government of Maharashtra and Savitribai Phule Pune University Recognized Minority Institute

• UGC - 2(f) & 12 (B) Status • NAAC Re-accreditated College

• DST - FIST Funded College



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CRITERION- I					
KEY INDICATOR	1.3	Curriculum Enrichment			
METRIC NO.		1.3.2			

➤ Average percentage of courses that include experiential learning through project work/field work/internship during last five years

COURSES WITH EXPERIENTIAL LEARNING DURING THE ACADEMIC YEARS

2022-2023



Savitribai Phule Pune University

(Formerly University of Pune)

Three Year B.Sc. Degree Program in Computer Science
(Faculty of Science & Technology)

F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science)

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus

To be implemented from Academic Year 2019-2020

Title of the Course: B. Sc. (Computer Science)

Preamble:

The B. Sc. (Computer Science) course is systematically designed three year degree program under the faculty of Science and Technology. The objective of the course is to prepare students to undertake careers involving problem solving using computer science and technologies, or to pursue advanced studies and research in computer science. The syllabus which comprises of Computer Science subject along with that of the three allied subjects (Mathematics, Electronics and Statistics) covers the foundational aspects of computing sciences and also develops the requisite professional skills and problem solving abilities using computing sciences.

Introduction:

At the first year of under-graduation, the basic foundations of two important skills required for software development are laid. A course in problem solving and programming along with a course in database fundamentals forms the preliminary skill set for solving computational problems. The practical courses are designed to supplement the theoretical training in the year. Along with Computer Science, the two theoretical and one practical course each in Statistics, Mathematics and Electronics help in building a strong foundation. Career Advancement courses are introduced in both semesters to cover additional areas of Computer Science.

At the second year of under-graduation, computational problem solving skills are further strengthened by a course in Data structures. Software engineering concepts that are required for project design are also introduced. Essential concepts of computer networking are also introduced in this year. The practical course included in both semesters complements the theory courses.

At the third year of under-graduation, all the subjects are designed to fulfill core Computer Science requirements as well as meet the needs of the software industry. Theory courses are adequately supplemented by hands-on practical courses. Skill Enhancement courses enable the students to acquire additional value-added skills.

Objectives:

- To develop problem solving abilities using a computer.
- To build the necessary skill set and analytical abilities for developing computer based solutions for real life problems.
- To train students in professional skills related to Software Industry.
- To prepare necessary knowledge base for research and development in Computer Science.
- To help students build-up a successful career in Computer Science and to produce entrepreneurs who can innovate and develop software products.

Titles of Papers, Credit Allocation and Scheme of Evaluation

Semester I (Total credits=22)

Course type		Paper title	Cred	dits	1	Evalua	tion
	Code		T	P	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-111	Problem Solving using Computer and 'C' Programming	2		15	35	50
CC-I	CS-112	Database Management Systems	2		15	35	50
	CS-113	Practical course based on CS101 and CS102		1.5	15	35	50
CC-II*		Mathematics – I, II and III					
CC-III*		Electronics – I,II and III					
CC-IV*		Statistics – I, II and III					

Semester II (Total credits=22)

Course type		Paper title	Cred	lits	I	Evalua	tion
	Code		T	P	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-121	Advanced 'C' Programming	2		15	35	50
CC-V	CS-122	Relational Database Management Systems	2		15	35	50
	CS-123	Practical course based on CS201 and CS202		1.5	15	35	50
CC-VI*		Mathematics – I,II and III					
CC-VII*		Electronics – I, II and III					
CC-VIII*		Statistics – I,II and III					

S. Y. B. Sc.(Computer Science) Semester III (Total credits=22)

Course type	_	Paper title	Cree	Credits		Evaluation	
	Code		T	P	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-231	Data Structures and Algorithms – I	2		15	35	50
CC-IX	CS-232	Software Engineering	2		15	35	50
	CS-233	Practical course based on CS301		2	15	35	50
CC-X*		Mathematics – I, II and III					
CC-XI*		Electronics – I,II and III					
AECC-I*		Environment Science – I	2				
AECC-II*		Language Communication – I	2				

Semester IV (Total credits=22)

Course type Paper		Paper title	Credits		Evaluation		
	Code		T	P	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-241	Data Structures and Algorithms – II	2		15	35	50
CC-XII	CS-242	Computer Networks - I	2		15	35	50
	CS-243	Practical course based on CS401		2	15	35	50
CC-XIII*		Mathematics – I,II and III					
CC-XIV*		Electronics – I, II and III					
AECC-III*		Environment Science – I	2				
AECC-IV*		Language Communication – I	2				

T. Y. B. Sc.(Computer Science) Semester V (Total credits=22)

Course type	_	Paper title	Cred	lits	I	Evalua	tion
	Code		T	P	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-351	Operating Systems - I	2		15	35	50
DSEC - I	CS-352	Computer Networks - II	2		15	35	50
	CS-357	Practical course based on CS501		2	15	35	50
	CS-353	Web Technologies - I	2				
DSEC - II	CS-354	Foundations of Data Science	2				
	CS-358	Practical course based on CS503		2			
	CS-355	Object Oriented Programming - I (Core Java)	2				
DSEC - III		Theoretical Computer Science and Compiler Construction - I	2				
	CS-359	Practical Course based on CS505		2			
SECC - I		Python Programming / R Programming	1	1	15	35	50
SECC - II	CS-3511	Open Elective	1	1	15	35	50

Semester VI (Total credits=22)

Course type	_	Paper title	Cree	dits	I	Evalua	tion
	Code		T	P	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-361	Operating Systems - II	2		15	35	50
DSEC - IV	CS-362	Software Testing	2		15	35	50
	CS-367	Practical course based on CS601		2	15	35	50
	CS-363	Web Technologies - II	2				
DSEC - V	CS-364	Data Analytics	2				
	CS-368	Practical course based on CS603 and CS604		2			
	CS-365	Object Oriented Programming - II (Advanced Java)	2				
DSEC - VI		Theoretical Computer Science and Compiler Construction - II	2				
	CS-369	Practical Course based on CS605		2			
SECC- III	CS-3610	Mobile Application Development OR Software Testing Tools	1	1	15	35	50
SECC - IV	CS-3611	Project OR Open Elective	1	1	15	35	50

Detailed Syllabus:

Semester- I						
Paper - I						
Course Type: Core	Course Type: Core Credit Course Code: CS101					
Course Title : Proble	m Solving Using Computer and	d 'C' Programming - I				
Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme				
2 Hours / Week	2 Hours / Week 2					
		UE: 35 Marks				

Course Objectives

- 1. To introduce the foundations of computing, programming and problem- solving using computers.
- 2. To develop the ability to analyze a problem and devise an algorithm to solve it.
- 3. To formulate algorithms, pseudocodes and flowcharts for arithmetic and logical problems
- 4. To understand structured programming approach.
- 5. To develop the basic concepts and terminology of programming in general.
- 6. To implement algorithms in the 'C' language.
- 7. To test, debug and execute programs.

Course Outcomes:- On completion of this course, students will be able to :

- 1. Explore algorithmic approaches to problem solving.
- 2. Develop modular programs using control structures and arrays in 'C'.

Course Contents

Chapter 1 Problem Solving Aspects

5 Hours

- 1.1. Introduction to problem solving using computers.
- 1.2. Problem solving steps.
- 1.3 Algorithms-definition, characteristics, examples, advantages and limitations.
- 1.4 Flowcharts definition, notations, examples, advantages and limitations, Comparison with algorithms.
- 1.5 Pseudo codes notations, examples, advantages and limitations.
- 1.6 Programming Languages as tools, programming paradigms, types of languages
- 1.7 Converting pseudo-code to programs.
- 1.8 Compilation process (compilers , interpreters), linking and loading, syntax and semantic errors, testing a program
- 1.9 Good Programming Practices (naming conventions, documentation, indentation).

Chapter 2 'C' Fundamentals 7 Hours

- 2.1 History of 'C' language.
- 2.2 Application areas.
- 2.2 Structure of a 'C' program.
- 2.3 'C' Program development life cycle.

- 2.4 Function as building blocks.
- 2.5 'C' tokens
- 2.6 Character set, Keywords, Identifiers
- 2.7 Variables, Constants (character, integer, float, string, escape sequences, enumeration constant).
- 2.8 Data Types (Built-in and user defined data types).
- 2.9 Operators, Expressions, types of operators, Operator precedence and Order of evaluation.
- 2.10 Character input and output.
- 2.11 String input and output.
- 2.12 Formatted input and output.

Chapter 3 | **Control Structures**

6 Hours

- 3.1 Decision making structures:- if ,if-else, switch and conditional operator.
- 3.2 Loop control structures:- while ,do while, for.
- 3.3 Use of break and continue.
- 3.4 Nested structures.
- 3.5 Unconditional branching (goto statement).

Chapter 4 Functions

6 Hours

- 4.1 Concept of function, Advantages of Modular design.
- 4.2 Standard library functions.
- 4.3 User defined functions:- declaration, definition, function call, parameter passing (by value), return statement.
- 4.4 Recursive functions.
- 4.5 Scope of variables and Storage classes.

Chapter 5 | Arrays

6 Hours

- 5.1 Concept of array.
- 5.2 Types of Arrays One , Two and Multidimensional array.
- 5.3 Array Operations declaration, initialization, accessing array elements.
- 5.4 Memory representation of two-dimensional array (row major and column major)
- 5.5 Passing arrays to function.
- 5.6 Array applications Finding maximum and minimum, Counting occurrences, Linear search, Sorting an array (Simple exchange sort, bubble sort), Merging two sorted arrays, Matrix operations (trace of matrix, addition, transpose, multiplication, symmetric, upper/ lower triangular matrix)

Reference Books:

- 1. How to Solve it by Computer, R.G. Dromey, Pearson Education.
- 2. Problem Solving and Programming Concept, Maureen Sprankle,7th Edition, Pearson Publication.

- 3. C: the Complete Reference, Schildt Herbert, 4th edition, McGraw Hill
- 4. A Structured Programming Approach Using C, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg, Cengage Learning India
- 5. The 'C' programming language, Brian Kernighan, Dennis Ritchie, PHI
- 6. Programming in C ,A Practical Approach, Ajay Mittal , Pearson
- 7. Programming with C, B. Gottfried, 3rd edition, Schaum's outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 8. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill.

Semester- I							
	Paper - II						
Course Type: Core	Course Type: Core Credit Course						
Course	Title: Database Management	Systems					
Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme					
02 Hours / Week	2	IE: 15 Marks					
		UE: 35 Marks					

Prerequisites

• Basic Knowledge of file system, storing data in file system and Operations on sets

Course Objectives

- To understand the fundamental concepts of database.
- To understand user requirements and frame it in data model.
- To understand creations, manipulation and querying of data in databases.

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Solve real world problems using appropriate set, function, and relational models.
- Design E-R Model for given requirements and convert the same into database tables.
- Use SQL.

Course Contents

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Chapter 1	Introduction to DBMS	3 Hours

- 1.1. Introduction
- 1.2. File system Vs DBMS
- 1.3. Levels of abstraction & data independence
- 1.4. Structure of DBMS (Roles of DBMS Users)
- 1.5. Users of DBMS Advantages of DBMS

Chapter 2 | Conceptual Design

11 Hours

- 2.1. Overview of DB design process
- 2.2. Introduction to data models (E-R model, Relational model, Network model, Hierarchical model)
- 2.3. Conceptual design using ER data model (entities, attributes, entity sets, relations, relationship sets)
- 2.4. Constraints (Key constraints, Integrity constraints, referential integrity, unique constraint, Null/Not Null constraint, Domain, Check constraint, Mapping constraints)
- 2.5. Extended features Specialization, Aggregation, Generalization
- 2.6. Pictorial representation of ER(symbols)
- 2.7. Structure of Relational Databases (concepts of a table)
- 2.8. DBMS Versus RDBMS
- 2.9. Case Studies on ER model

Chapter 3 SQL 9 Hours

- 3.1. Introduction to query languages
- 3.2. Basic structure
- 3.3. DDL Commands
- 3.4. DML Commands
- 3.5. Forms of a basic SQL query (Expression and strings in SQL)
- 3.6. Set operations
- 3.7. Aggregate Operators and functions
- 3.8. Date and String functions
- 3.9. Null values
- 3.10. Nested Subqueries
- 3.11 SQL mechanisms for joining relations (inner joins, outer joins and their types)
- 3.12 Views
- 3.13. Examples on SQL (case studies)

Chapter 4 Relational Database Design

7 Hours

- 3.1. Introduction to Relational-Database Design (undesirable properties of a RDB design)
- 3.2. Functional Dependency(Basic concepts, F+, Closure of an Attribute set, Armstrong's axioms)
- 3.3. Concept of Decomposition
- 3.4. Desirable Properties of Decomposition (Lossless join, Lossy join, Dependency Preservation)
- 3.5. Concept of normalization, Normal Forms (1NF,2NF and 3NF), Examples
- 3.6 Keys Concept with Examples : Candidate Keys and Super Keys, Algorithm to find the super keys / primary key for a relation

Reference Books:

- 1. Database System Concepts, Henry F. Korth, Abraham Silberschatz, S.Sudarshan, ISBN:9780071289597, Tata McGraw-Hill Education
- 2. Database Management Systems ,RaghuRamakrishnan,ISBN:9780071254342,Mcgraw-hill higher Education
- 3. Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke,McGraw-Hill Science/Engineering/Math; 3 edition, ISBN: 9780072465631
- 4. Database Systems, Shamkant B. Navathe, RamezElmasri,ISBN:9780132144988,PEARSON HIGHER EDUCATION
- 5. Beginning Databases with PostgreSQL: From Novice to Professional, Richard Stones, Neil Matthew, ISBN:9781590594780, Apress
- 6. PostgreSQL, Korry Douglas, ISBN:9780672327568, Sams
- 7. Practical PostgreSQL (B/CD), JohnWorsley, Joshua Drake, ISBN: 9788173663925 Shroff/O'reilly
- 8. Practical Postgresql, By Joshua D. Drake, John C Worsley (O'Reillypublications)
- 9. "An introduction to Database systems", Bipin C Desai, Galgotia Publications

Semester- I Paper - III

Course Type: Core Credit

Course Code: CS103

Title: Practical course on Problem Solving using Computer and 'C' programming and

Database Management Systems

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Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme
3 Hrs / week	1.5	IE : 15 Marks
		UE: 35 Marks

Course Objectives

- To understand the program development life cycle.
- Solve simple computational problems using modular design and basic features of the 'C' language.
- Understand basic database management operations.
- Design E-R Model for given requirements and convert the same into database tables.

Course Outcomes:-

On completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Devise pseudocodes and flowchart for computational problems.
- Write, debug and execute simple programs in 'C'.
- Create database tables in postgreSQL.
- Write and execute simple, nested queries.

Guidelines:

Lab Book: The lab book is to be used as a hands-on resource, reference and record of assignment submission and completion by the student. The lab book contains the set of assignments which the student must complete as a part of this course.

Submission:

Problem Solving Assignments:

The problem solving assignments are to be submitted by the student in the form of a journal containing individual assignment sheets. Each assignment includes the Assignment Title, Problem statement, Date of submission, Assessment date, Assessment grade and instructors sign.

Programming Assignments:

Programs should be done individually by the student in the respective login. The codes should be uploaded on either the local server, Moodle, Github or any open source LMS. Print-outs of the programs and output may be taken but not mandatory for assessment.

DBMS Assignments:

For each problem/case study, the student must design the database model in the form of an E-R

diagram. Table design should be based on the same and must include proper constraints and integrity checks. The students have to create, populate the tables and then perform the activities specified in each of the assignments. A pool of databases will get created as student progresses through the assignments and these databases can be repeatedly used in subsequent assignments. A separate softcopy of the queries must be maintained for each assignment.

Assessment:

Continuous assessment of laboratory work is to be done based on overall performance and lab assignments performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment will be assigned grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficient codes and good programming practices.

Operating Environment:

For 'C' Programming : Operating system: Linux

Editor: Any linux based editor like vi, gedit etc.

Compiler: cc or gcc

For DBMS:

Operating System: Linux Operating system

DBMS: PostgreSQL Language: SQL

Suggested List of Assignments:

A) Problem Solving and C programming:

Assignment 1.

Problem Solving using Pseudo code and Flowchart, Simple programs, Understanding errors and error handling.

Assignment 2.

Decision Making Control Structures.

Assignment 3.

Loop Control Structures

Assignment 4.

Functions (User Defined functions, Library functions and Recursion).

Assignment 5.

Arrays (1-D and 2-D).

B) Database Management Systems

Assignment 1.

To create simple tables with only the primary key constraint (as a table level constraint & as a field level constraint) (include all data types)

Assignment 2.

To create more than one table, with referential integrity constraint, PK constraint.

Assignment 3.

To create one or more tables with following constraints, in addition to the first two constraints (PK & FK)

- a. Check constraint
- b. Unique constraint
- c. Not null constraint

Assignment 4.

To drop a table, alter schema of a table, insert / update / delete records using tables created in previous Assignments. (use simple forms of insert / update / delete statements)

Assignment 5.

To query the tables using simple form of select statement Select <field-list> from table [where <condition> order by <field list>] Select <field-list, aggregate functions > from table [where <condition> group by <> having <> order by <>]

Assignment 6.

To query table, using set operations (union, intersect)

Assignment 7.

To query tables using nested queries (use of 'Except', exists, not exists, all clauses

Assignment 8.

To create views.

Books: Laboratory handbook prepared by the University.

Semester- II Paper - I

Course Type: Core Credit Course Code: CS201

Course Title: Advanced 'C' Programming

Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme
2 Hours / Week	2	IE : 15 Marks
		UE: 35 Marks

Prerequisites

- Problem Solving tools like algorithms, flowcharts and pseudocodes.
- Basic knowledge of 'C' language.

Course Objectives:-

- To study advanced concepts of programming using the 'C' language.
- To understand code organization with complex data types and structures.
- To work with files.

Course Outcomes:- Student will be able to :-

- Develop modular programs using control structures, pointers, arrays, strings and structures
- Design and develop solutions to real world problems using C.

Course Contents

Chapter 1 | Pointers

8 Hours

- 1.1. Introduction to Pointers.
- 1.2. Declaration, definition, initialization, dereferencing.
- 1.3. Pointer arithmetic.
- 1.4. Relationship between Arrays & Pointers- Pointer to array, Array of pointers.
- 1.5. Multiple indirection (pointer to pointer).
- 1.6. Functions and pointers- Passing pointer to function, Returning pointer from function, Function pointer.
- 1.7. Dynamic memory management- Allocation(malloc(),calloc()), Resizing(realloc()), Releasing(free()).,
- 1.8. Memory leak, dangling pointers.
- 1.9. Types of pointers.

Chapter 2 Strings

6 Hours

- 2.1 String Literals, string variables, declaration, definition, initialization.
- 2.2 Syntax and use of predefined string functions
- 2.3 Array of strings.
- 2.4. Strings and Pointers
- 2.5. Command line arguments.

Chapter 3 Structures And Unions.

8 Hours

- 3.1. Concept of structure, definition and initialization, use of typedef.
- 3.2. Accessing structure members.
- 3.3. Nested Structures
- 3.4. Arrays of Structures
- 3.5. Structures and functions- Passing each member of structure as a separate argument, Passing structure by value / address.
- 3.6. Pointers and structures.
- 3.7. Concept of Union, declaration, definition, accessing union members.
- 3.8. Difference between structures and union.

Chapter 4 File Handling

6 Hours

- 4.1. Introduction to streams.
- 4.2. Types of files.
- 4.3. Operations on text files.
- 4.4. Standard library input/output functions.
- 4.5. Random access to files.

Chapter 5 Preprocessor

2 Hours

- 6.1. Role of Preprocessor
- 6.2. Format of preprocessor directive
- 6.3. File inclusion directives (#include)
- 6.4. Macro substitution directive, argumented and nested macro
- 6.5. Macros versus functions

Reference Books:

- 1. C: the Complete Reference, Schildt Herbert, 4th edition, McGraw Hill
- 2. A Structured Programming Approach Using C, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg, Cengage Learning India
- 3. The 'C' programming language, Brian Kernighan, Dennis Ritchie, PHI
- 4. Programming in C, A Practical Approach, Ajay Mittal, Pearson
- 5. Programming with C, B. Gottfried, 3rd edition, Schaum's outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 6. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill.

Semester- II Paper - II

Course Type: Core Credit Course Code: CS202

Course Title: Relational Database Management Systems

Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme
2 Hours / Week	2	IE : 15 Marks
		UE: 35 Marks

Prerequisites

- Basic Knowledge of DBMS
- Knowledge of SQL Queries
- Basics of relational design
- Basics of ER model

Course Objectives

- To teach fundamental concepts of RDBMS (PL/PgSQL)
- To teach database management operations
- Be familiar with the basic issues of transaction processing and concurrency control
- To teach data security and its importance

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Design E-R Model for given requirements and convert the same into database tables.
- Use database techniques such as SQL & PL/SQL.
- Explain transaction Management in relational database System.
- Use advanced database Programming concepts

Course Contents

Chapter 1 Relational Database Design Using PLSQL 8 Hours

- 1.1 Introduction to PLSQL
- 1.2 PL/PgSqL: Datatypes, Language structure
- 1.3 Controlling the program flow, conditional statements, loops
- 1.4 Stored Procedures
- 1.5 Stored Functions
- 1.6 Handling Errors and Exceptions
- 1.7 Cursors
- 1.8 Triggers

Chapter 2 Transaction Concepts and concurrency control

10 hours

- 2.1 Describe a transaction, properties of transaction, state of the transaction.
- 2.2 Executing transactions concurrently associated problem in concurrent execution.
- 2.3 Schedules, types of schedules, concept of Serializability, Precedence graph for Serializability.
- 2.4 Ensuring Serializability by locks, different lock modes, 2PL and its variations.
- 2.5 Basic timestamp method for concurrency, Thomas Write Rule.
- 2.6 Locks with multiple granularity, dynamic database concurrency (Phantom Problem).
- 2.7 Timestamps versus locking.
- 2.8 Deadlock and deadlock handling Deadlock Avoidance(wait-die, wound-wait), Deadlock Detection and Recovery (Wait for graph).

Chapter 3 Database Integrity and Security Concepts

6 Hours

- 3.1 Domain constraints
- 3.2 Referential Integrity
- 3.3 Introduction to database security concepts
- 3.4 Methods for database security
 - 3.4.1Discretionary access control method
 - 3.4.2Mandatory access control
 - 3.4.3. Role base access control for multilevel security.
- 3.5 Use of views in security enforcement.
- 3.6 Overview of encryption technique for security.
- 3.7 Statistical database security.

Chapter 4 Crash Recovery

4 Hours

- 4.1 Failure classification
- 4.2 Recovery concepts
- 4.3 Log base recovery techniques (Deferred and Immediate update)
- 4.4 Checkpoints, Relationship between database manager and buffer cache. Aries recovery algorithm.
- 4.5 Recovery with concurrent transactions (Rollback, checkpoints, commit)
- 4.6 Database backup and recovery from catastrophic failure

Chapter 5 Other Databases

2 Hours

- 5.1 Introduction to Parallel and distributed Databases
- 5.2 Introduction to Object Based Databases
- 5.3 XML Databases
- 5.4 NoSQL Database
- 5.5 Multimedia Databases
- 5.6 Big Data Databases

Reference Books:

- 1. Database System Concepts, By Silberschatz A., Korth H., Sudarshan S., 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education
- 2. Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Mcgraw-Hill Education
- 3. Database Systems, Shamkant B. Navathe, Ramez Elmasri, PEARSON HIGHER EDUCATION
- 4. Fundamentals of Database Systems, By: Elmasri and Navathe, 4th Edition Practical PostgreSQL O'REILLY
- 5. Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, McGraw-Hill Science/Engineering/Math; 3 edition, ISBN: 9780072465631
- 6. NoSQL Distilled, Pramod J. Sadalage and Martin Fowler, Addison Wesley
- 7. An Introduction to Database Systems", C J Date, Addison-Wesley
- 8. Database Systems: Concepts, Design and Application", S.K.Singh, Pearson, Education
- 9. NoSQL Distilled A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence : by Pramod J. Sadalage, Martin Fowler, Addison-Wesley, Pearson Education, Inc.
- 10. MongoDB: The Definitive Guide, Kristina Chodorow, Michael Dirolf, O'Reilly Publications

Semester- II Paper - III

Course Type: Core Credit

Course Code: CS203

Title: Practical Course on Advanced 'C' Programming and Relational Dstabase

(Management Systems)

Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme
3 Hours / week	1.5	IE : 15 Marks
		UE: 35 Marks

Course Objectives

- To solve real world computational problems.
- To perform operations on relational database management systems.

Course Outcomes:-

On completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Write, debug and execute programs using advanced features in 'C'.
- To use SQL & PL/SQL.
- To perform advanced database operations.

Guidelines:

Lab Book: The lab book is to be used as a hands-on resource, reference and record of assignment submission and completion by the student. The lab book contains the set of assignments which the student must complete as a part of this course.

Submission:

Programming Assignments:

Programs should be done individually by the student in respective login. The codes should be uploaded on either the local server, Moodle, Github or any open source LMS. Print-outs of the programs and output may be taken but not mandatory for assessment.

RDBMS Assignments:

For each problem/case study, the student must design the database model in the form of an E-R diagram. Table design should be based on the same and must include proper constraints and integrity checks. The students have to create, populate the tables and then perform the activities specified in each of the assignments. A separate softcopy of the table creation statements and queries must be maintained for each assignment.

Assessment

Continuous assessment of laboratory work is to be done based on overall performance and lab assignments performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment will be assigned grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall

assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficient codes and good programming practices.

Operating Environment:

For 'C' Programming : Operating system: Linux

Editor: Any linux based editor like vi, gedit etc.

Compiler: cc or gcc

For DBMS:

Operating System: Linux Operating system

DBMS: PostgreSQL 11 and higher

Language: PL/SQL

Suggested List of Assignments:

A) Advanced C Programming:

Assignment 1.

Simple Pointers.

- a) Pointer initialization and use of pointers.
- b) Pointer Arithmetic.

Assignment 2.

Dynamic Memory Allocation.

Assignment 3.

String handling using standard library functions.

Assignment 4.

Structure and Unions.

Assignment 5.

File Handling.

Assignment 6.

C Preprocessors.

B) Relational Database Management Systems:

Assignment 1: Stored Procedure

- 1) A Simple Stored Procedure
- 2) A Stored Procedure with IN, OUT and IN/OUT parameter

Assignment 2: Stored Function

- 1) A Simple Stored Function
- 2) A Stored Function that returns
- 3) A Stored Function recursive

Assignment 3 : Cursors

- 1) A Simple Cursor
- 2) A Parameterize Cursor

Assignment 4: Exception Handling

- 1) Simple Exception- Raise Debug Level Messages
- 2) Simple Exception- Raise Notice Level Messages
- 3) Simple Exception- Raise Exception Level Messages

Assignment 5 : Triggers

- 1) Before Triggers (insert, update, delete)
- 2) After Triggers (insert, update, delete)

Books: Laboratory handbook prepared by the University.



Savitribai Phule Pune University

(Formerly University of Pune)

Two Year Degree Program in Computer Science

(Faculty of Science & Technology)

Revised Syllabi for

M.Sc. (Computer Science) Part-I

(For Colleges Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University)

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus

To be implemented from Academic Year 2019-2020

Title of the Course: M.Sc. (Computer Science)

Preamble:

This syllabus is the extension of the existing syllabus which is currently being taught to M.Sc. (Computer Science) of Savitribai Phule Pune University for the last few years, but modified to be placed within the credit based system to be implemented from the academic year 2019-2020. However, there are few changes incorporated in the existing syllabus. It is believed that the proposed changes as part of the credit based system will bring a qualitative change in the way M.Sc. (Computer Science) is taught, which will offer a more enriched learning experience. It aims to provide technology-oriented students with the knowledge and ability to develop creative solutions, and better understand the effects of future developments of computer systems and technology on people and society. The syllabus is about developing skills to learn new technology, grasping the concepts and issues behind its use and the use of computers.

Course Structure:

Year/	Course Type	Course Name Credit		% o	f Assess	sment	
Sem		Code			IA	UE	Total
	Core Compulsory	CSUT111	Paradigm of	4	30	70	100
	Theory Paper		Programming Language				
I Year		CSUT112	Design and Analysis of	4	30	70	100
Sem-I			Algorithms				
		CSUT113	Database Technologies	4	30	70	100
	Choice Based	CSDT114A	Cloud computing	2	15	35	50
	Optional Paper	CSDP114A	Cloud Computing	2	15	35	50
			Practical				
		OR					
		CSDT114B	Artificial Intelligence	2	15	35	50
		CSDP114B	Artificial Intelligence	2	15	35	50
			Practical				
			OR				
		CSDT114C	Web Services	2	15	35	50
		CSDP114C	Web Services Practical	2	15	35	50
	Core Compulsory	CSUP115	PPL and Database	4	30	70	100
	Practical Paper		Technologies Practical				

Year/	Course Type	Course	Course Name Credit % of Ass		of Asses	essment	
Sem		Code			IA	UE	Total
	Core Compulsory	CSUT121	Advanced Operating	4	30	70	100
	Theory Paper		System				
I Year		CSUT122	Mobile Technologies	4	30	70	100
Sem-II		CSUT123	Software Project	4	30	70	100
			Management				
	Choice Based	CSDT124A	Project	2	15	35	50
	Optional Paper	CSDP124A	Project related	2	15	35	50
			Assignments				
			OR				
		CSDT124B	Human Computer	2	15	35	50
			Interaction				
		CSDP124B	Human Computer	2	15	35	50
			Interaction Practical				
			OR				
		CSDT124C	Soft Computing	2	15	35	50
		CSDP124C	Soft Computing	2	15	35	50
			Practical				
	Core Compulsory	CSUP125	Practical on Advanced	4	30	70	100
	Practical Paper		OS & Mobile				
			Technologies				

Year/	Course Type	Course Name Cred		Credit	% of Assessment		sment
Sem		Code			IA	UE	Total
	Core Compulsory	CSUT231	Software Architecture	4	30	70	100
	Theory Paper		and Design Pattern				
II Year		CSUT232	Machine Learning	4	30	70	100
Sem-III		CSUT233	Evolutionary	4	30	70	100
			Algorithms				
	Choice Based	CSDT234A	Big Data	2	15	35	50
	Optional Paper	CSDP234A	Big Data Practical	2	15	35	50
			OR				
		CSDT234B	Web Analytics	2	15	35	50
		CSDP234B	Web Analytics Practical	2	15	35	50
			OR				
		CSDT234C	Project	2	15	35	50
		CSDP234C	Project related	2	15	35	50
			Assignments				
	Core Compulsory	CSUP235	Practical on Software	4	30	70	100
	Practical Paper		Architecture and				
			Design Pattern and				
			Machine Learning				

Year/	Subject	Paper	Title of Paper	Credit	% of Assessmen		essment
Sem					IA	UE	Total
II Year	Core	CSUIT241	Industrial Training	20			
Sem-IV			/Institutional project				

IA :- Internal Assessment, UE :- University Examination

Equivalence of Previous Syllabus:

Old Subject	New Subject
Principles of Programming Languages	Paradigm of Programming Language
Advanced Networking	No Equivalence
Distributed Database Concepts	Database Technologies
Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Design and Analysis of Algorithms
Network Programming	No Equivalence
Digital Image Processing	No Equivalence
Advanced Operating Systems	Advanced Operating Systems
Data Mining and Data Warehousing	Big Data
Project	Project
Programming With DOT NET	No Equivalence
Artificial Intelligence	Artificial Intelligence
Advance Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Evolutionary Algorithms
Software Metrics & Project Management	Software Project Management
Mobile Computing	Mobile Technologies
Soft Computing	Soft Computing
Project	Project
Web Services	Web Services
Database and System Administrator	No Equivalence
Functional Programming	No Equivalence
Business Intelligence	No Equivalence
Industrial Training /Institutional project	Industrial Training /Institutional project
Parallel Computing	No Equivalence
Embedded System	No Equivalence
Software Quality Assurance	No Equivalence
Modeling and Simulation	No Equivalence

Practical paper implementation strategy:

Subject	Platform
PPL	Linux
Database Technologies	Linux
AI	Linux
Web Services	Linux/Windows
Cloud Computing	Linux

Note: Any version of Linux (Fedora/ Redhat/ Ubuntu etc) can be used as per your comfort.

Detailed Syllabus:

Course Code:	Course Name:	Total Lectures
CSUT111	Paradigm of Programming Language	(48 Hours)
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	No. of Credits
4 hrs/week	IA: 30 Marks	4
	UE: 70 Marks	
Course Prerequisites:	Student should have basic knowledge of:	
	Procedural Language like C	
	Object-Oriented Languages (C++ and Java)	
	 Concepts of Operating Systems 	
	Basic Data Structures and Algorithms.	
Course Objectives:	To Prepare student to think about programming lang	guages
	analytically:	
	Separate syntax from semantics	
	Compare programming language designs	
	Understand their strengths and weaknesses	
	Learn new languages more quickly	
	Understand basic language implementation technique.	niques
	• Learn small programs in different programming	Languages
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures
1	Introduction	2
	The Art of Language Design	
	The Programming Language Spectrum	
	Why Study Programming Languages?	
	Compilation and Interpretation	
	Programming Environments	
2	Names, Scopes, and Bindings	5
	The Notion of Binding Time	
	Object Lifetime and Storage Management	
	Static Allocation, Stack-Based Allocation,	
	Heap-Based Allocation, Garbage Collection	
	Scope Rules	
	Static Scoping, Nested Subroutines,	
	Declaration Order, Dynamic Scoping The	
	meaning of Names in a Scope	
	Aliases, Overloading, Polymorphism and	
	Related Concepts, the Binding of Referencing	
	Environments	
	Subroutine Closures, First-Class Values and	
	Unlimited Extent, Object Closures Macro	
	Expansion	
	•	

3	Control Flow	5
J	 Expression Evaluation, Precedence and Associativity, Assignments, Initialization, Ordering Within Expressions, Short-Circuit Evaluation Structured and Unstructured Flow, Structured Alternatives to goto Sequencing Selection - Short-Circuited Conditions, Case/Switch Statements Iteration Iteration - Enumeration-Controlled Loops, Combination Loops, Iterators, Logically Controlled Loops Recursion 	7
	Recursion - Iteration and Recursion,	
4	Applicative- and Normal-Order Evaluation Data Types	8
	 Introduction Primitive Data Types Numeric Types: Integer, Floating point, Complex, Decimal, Boolean Types, Character Types Character String Types Design Issues, Strings and Their Operations, String Length Operations, Evaluation, Implementation of Character String Types User defined Ordinal types Enumeration types, Designs Evaluation Subrange types, Ada's design Evaluation Implementation of user defined ordinal types Array types Design issues, Arrays and indices, Subscript bindings and array categories, Heterogeneous arrays, Array initialization, Array operations, Rectangular and Jagged arrays, Slices, Evaluation, Implementation of Array Types Associative Arrays Structure and operations, Implementing associative arrays, Record types Definitions of records, References to record 	
	fields, Operations on records, Evaluation, Implementation of Record types Union Types Design issues, Discriminated versus Free unions, Evaluation, Implementation of Union types	

	D. 10.0 T	
•	District Mark Literature Lypes	
	dynamic variables, Pointers in C and C++,	
	Reference types, Evaluation	
	Implementation of pointer and reference types	
	- Representation of pointers and references	
	Solution to dangling pointer problem Heap	
	management	
5 S	Subprograms and Implementing Subprograms	5
•	Introduction	
	Fundamentals of Subprograms	
	Design Issues for subprograms	
	Local Referencing Environments	
	Turumeter Tussing Memous	
	Parameters That Are	
	2 0 0 Pr 0 8 1 1 1 1 1	
	Overloaded Subprograms	
	Generic Subroutines, Generic Functions in	
	C++, Generic Methods in Java	
	Design Issues for Functions	
	eser bermen exercises	
	impromenting susprograms	
	The General Semantics of Caris and Recaris	
	imprementing simple susprograms	
	impremental such a grant with a twent	
	Dynamic Local Variables	
	Nested Subprograms	
	Blocks	
	Implementing Dynamic Scoping	0
6 I	Data Abstraction and Object Orientation	8
	Object-Oriented Programming	
	Encapsulation and Inheritance	
l P	Modules, Classes, Nesting (Inner Classes), Type	
	Extensions, Extending without Inheritance Initialization and Finalization	
	Choosing a Constructor, References and Values,	
	Execution Order, Garbage Collection	
	D ' M (1 1 D' 1'	
	Virtual- and Non-Virtual Methods, Abstract	
	Classes, Member Lookup, Polymorphism,	
	Object Closures	
•	3.6.1.1.1.1.1.1.	
	Semantic Ambiguities, Replicated Inheritance,	

	Shared Inheritance, Mix-In Inheritance	
7	 Concurrency Introduction: Multiprocessor Architecture Categories of concurrency, Motivations for studying concurrency Introduction to Subprogram-level, concurrency Fundamental concepts, Language Design for 	5
	 concurrency, Design Issues Semaphores - Introduction Cooperation synchronization, Competition Synchronization, Evaluation 	
	 Monitors - Introduction, Cooperation synchronization, Competition Synchronization, Evaluation, Message Passing Introduction- The concept of 	
	 Synchronous Message Passing Java Threads - The Thread class – Priorities, Competition Synchronization Cooperation Synchronization, Evaluation 	
8	Functional Programming in Scala	10
	StringsNumbersControl Structures	
	Classes and Properties	
	MethodsObjectsFunctional Programming	
	Functional ProgrammingList, Array, Map, Set	

References:

Sr. No.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
1	Programming Language	Michel L. Scott	Kaufmann Publishers, An
	Pragmatics, 3e		Imprint of Elsevier, USA
2	Concepts of Programming	Robert W. Sebesta	Pearson Education
	Languages, Eighth Edition		
3	Scala Cookbook	Alvin Alexander	O'REILLY publication

Course Code: CSUT112	Course Name: Design and Analysis of Algorithm	Total Lectures (48 Hours)	
Teaching Scheme : 4 hrs/week	Examination Scheme: IA: 30 Marks UE: 70 Marks	No. of Credits	
Course Prerequisites:	 □ Basic knowledge of algorithms and programming concepts □ Data Structures and Advanced Data Structures □ Basic Knowledge of Graphs and Algorithms 		
Course Objectives:	 To design the algorithms To select the appropriate algorithm by doing necessary analysis of algorithms To learn basic Algorithm Analysis techniques and understand the use of asymptotic notation Understand different design strategies Understand the use of data structures in improving algorithm performance Understand classical problem and solutions Learn a variety of useful algorithms Understand classification of problems To provide foundation in algorithm design and analysis To develop ability to understand and design algorithms in context of space and time complexity. 		
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures	
1	 Basics of Algorithms Algorithm definition and characteristics Space complexity Time complexity, worst case-best case-average case complexity, asymptotic notation Recursive and non-recursive algorithms Sorting algorithms (insertion sort, heap sort, bubble sort) Sorting in linear time: counting sort, concept of bucket and radix sort Searching algorithms: Linear, Binary 	8	
2	 Divide and conquer strategy General method, control abstraction Binary search Merge sort, Quick sort Comparison between Traditional Method of Matrix Multiplication vs. Strassen's Matrix Multiplication 	5	

3	 Greedy Method Knapsack problem Job sequencing with deadlines, Minimum-cost spanning trees: Kruskal and Prim's algorithm Optimal storage on tapes Optimal merge patterns Huffman coding Shortest Path :Dijkstra's Algorithm 	7
4	 Dynamic Programming Principle of optimality Matrix chain multiplication 0/1 Knapsack Problem i)Merge & Purge ii)Functional Method Bellman Ford Algorithm All pairs Shortest Path Floyd- Warshall Algorithm Longest common subsequence, String editing, Travelling Salesperson problem 	10
5	 Decrease and Conquer Definition of Graph Representation of Graph By Constant - DFS and BFS Topological sorting Connected components and spanning trees By Variable Size decrease Euclid's algorithm Articulation Point and Bridge edge 	5
6	 Backtracking General method Fixed Tuple vs. Variable Tuple Formulation n- Queen's problem Graph coloring problem Hamiltonian cycle Sum of subsets 	5
7	 Branch and Bound Introduction FIFO BB Search, LIFO Search Definitions of LCBB Search Bounding Function, Ranking Function Traveling Salesman problem Using Variable tuple 	5

	Formulation using LCBB	
	• 0/1 knapsack problem using LCBB	
8	Problem Classification	3
	Nondeterministic algorithm	
	• The class of P, NP, NP-hard and NP - Complete	
	problems	
	Cook's theorem	

References:

Sr. No.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
1	Computer algorithms	Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni & Sanguthevar Rajasekaran	Galgotia Publication
2	T. Cormen, C. Leiserson, & R. Rivest	Algorithms	MIT Press
3	A. Aho, J. Hopcroft & J. Ullman	The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms	Addison Wesley
4	Donald Knuth	The Art of Computer Programming	Addison Wesley
5	Steven Skiena	The Algorithm Manual	Springer
6	Jungnickel	Graphs, Networks and Algorithms	Springer

Course Code: CSUT113	Course Name: Database Technologies	Total Lectures (48 Hours)	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	No. of Credits	
4 hrs/week	IA: 30 Marks UE: 70 Marks	4	
Course Prerequisites:	Knowledge of file system concepts		
•	Strong foundation of Related database Concepts (Basic & Advanced)		
	A firm foundation of any RDBMS package		
Course Objectives:	 Provide an overview of the concept of NoSQL technology. Provide an insight to the different types of NoSQL databases 		
	 Provide an insight to the different types of NoSQL databases Make the student capable of making a choice of what database technologies to use, based on their application needs. 		
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures	
1	Introduction to NOSQL (Core concepts)	18	
	Why NoSQL		
	Aggregate Data Models		
	Data modeling details		
	Distribution Models		
	Consistency		
	Version stamps		
	Map-Reduce		
2	Implementation with NOSQL databases		
	Key-Value Databases (Riak)		
	Document Databases (Mongodb)		
	Column-Family stores (Cassandra)		
_	Graph databases (Neo4j)		
3	Schema Migrations	5	
4	Polygot Persistence (Multi model types)	5	
5	Beyond NoSQL	3	
6	Choosing your database	3	

References:

Sr. No.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
1	NoSQL Distilled	Pramod Sadalge, Martin	
		Fowler	
2	NoSQL for Dummies	A Willy Brand	
3	http://nosql-database.org		

Note: For Database Technologies implementation of databases/assignments can be done in all, but for university practical examination only MongoDB and Neo4j will be used/considered. Other can be for self learning/demonstration.

Course Code: CSDT114A	Course Name: Cloud Computing	Total Lectures (30 Hours)	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	No. of Credits	
4 hrs/week	IA: 15 Marks	2	
	UE: 35 Marks		
Course Prerequisites:			
	☐ Operating System		
	☐ Fundamentals of Computer Networks		
	☐ Good Understanding of Object Oriented Prog	gramming	
	Concepts		
Course Objectives:	To understand the principles and paradigm of Cloud		
	ComputingTo appreciate the role of Virtualization Technical	nologies	
	Ability to design and deploy Cloud Infrastructure	_	
	 Ability to design and deploy Cloud infrastructure Understand cloud security issues and solutions 		
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures	
1	Introduction to Cloud Computing		
	Overview, Layers and Types of Cloud, Desired		
	Features of a Cloud, Benefits and Disadvantages		
	of Cloud Computing, Cloud Infrastructure		
	Management, Infrastructure as a Service	8	
	Providers, Platform as a Service Providers,		
	Multitenant Technology.		
	Cloud-Enabling Technology: Broadband Networks and Internet Architecture, Data Center		
	Technology, Virtualization Technology.		
	Infrastructure as a Service, Platform as a Service,		
	Software as a Service, Cloud Deployment Models.		
2	Abstraction and Virtualization		
	Introduction to Virtualization Technologies, Load		
	Balancing and Virtualization, Understanding		
	Hyper visors, Virtual Machines Provisioning	7	
	and Manageability Virtual Machine Migration	7	
	Services, Provisioning in the Cloud Context		
	Virtualization of CPU, Memory , I/O Devices, Virtual Clusters and Resource management		
	virtual Ciustors and Resource management		

3	Programming, Environments and Applications Features of Cloud and Grid Platforms, Programming Support of Google App Engine, Programming on Amazon AWS and Microsoft Azure, Emerging Cloud Software Environments, Applications: Moving application to cloud, Microsoft Cloud Services, Google Cloud Applications, Amazon Cloud Services, Cloud Applications.	8
4	Security In The Cloud Security Overview – Cloud Security Challenges and Risks – Software-as-a-Service Security – Security Governance – Risk Management – Security Monitoring – Security Architecture Design – Data Security – Application Security – Virtual Machine Security - Identity Management and Access Control, Disaster Recovery in Clouds.	7

References:

Sr. No.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
1	Cloud Computing: Technologies	Brian J.S. Chee and	CRC Press, ISBN
	and Strategies of the Ubiquitous	Curtis Franklin	:9781439806128
	Data Center		
2	Rajkumar Buyya, Christian	Mastering Cloud	McGraw Hill, ISBN:
	Vecchiola, S. ThamaraiSelvi	Computing: Foundations	978 1259029950,
		and Applications	1259029956
		Programming	
3	Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C Fox,	Distributed and Cloud	Morgan Kaufmann
	Jack G Dongarra	Computing, From	Publishers, 2012.
		Parallel Processing to the	
		Internet of Things	

CSDP114A: Cloud Computing Practical Assignments

Sr.	Assignment
No	
1.	Working and Implementation of Infrastructure as a service.
2.	Working and Implementation of Software as a service.
3.	Working and Implementation of Platform as a services.
4.	Practical Implementation of Storage as a Service.
5.	Working of Google drive to make spreadsheet and notes.
6.	Working and Implementation of identity management.
7.	Write a program for web feed.
8.	Execute the step to Demonstrate and implementation of cloud on single sign on.
9.	Practical Implementation of cloud security.
10.	Installing and Developing Application Using Google App Engine.
11.	Implement VMWAreESXi Server
12.	Using OpenNebula to manage heterogeneous distributed data center Infrastructure.
13.	Implementation of Cloud Failure Cluster.
14.	Managing and working of cloud xen server.
15.	Working with Aneka and demonstrate how to Managing cloud computing Resources.
16.	Installation and configuration of cloud Hadoop and demonstrate simple query.
17.	Create a sample mobile application using Amazon Web Service (AWS) account as a cloud service. Also provide database connectivity with implemented mobile application.
	service. Also provide database connectivity with implemented mobile application.

Course Code: CSDT114B	Course Name: Artificial Intelligence	Total Lectures (30 Hours)
Teaching Scheme : 4 hrs/week	Examination Scheme: IA: 15 Marks UE: 35 Marks	No. of Credits 02
Course Prerequisites:	 □ Concepts of Data structures and Design and Analysis of algorithms. □ Strong data analytics skills. □ Strong will to learn machine learning languages. 	
Course Objectives:	 □ To learn various types of algorithms useful in Artificial Intelligence (AI). □ To convey the ideas in AI research and programming language related to emerging technology. □ To understand the numerous applications and huge possibilities in the field of AI that goes beyond the normal human imagination. 	
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures
1	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Introduction and Intelligent systems, What Is AI, The Foundations of Artificial Intelligence, The History of Artificial Intelligence, Applications of AI, Early work in AI and related fields, AI problems and Techniques.	2
2	-Defining AI problems as a State Space Search: example, Search and Control Strategies, Problem Characteristics, Issues in Design of Search Programs, Production System. Blind Search Techniques: -BFS, DFS, DLS, Iterative Deepening, Search, Bidirectional Search, Uniform cost Search. Heuristic search techniques: -Generate and test ,Hill Climbing, Best First search, Constraint Satisfaction, Mean-End Analysis, A*,AO*.	8

Representations and Mappings, Approaches Knowledge Representation, Knowledge representation method, Propositional Logic, Predicate logic, Representing Simple facts in		
	Logic, Resolution, Forward and backward chaining. Game Playing- Minimax Search Procedures, Adding alpha-beta cutoffs.	8
4	Introduction to AI with Python: Introduction to Python, why python with AI, Features of Python, Basics of Python, Python statements, Methods & Functions using python, Basic and advanced modules & Packages, Python Decorators and generators .Advanced Objects & Data structures.	6
5	Machine Learning: Why Machine learning, Types of Machine Learning: Supervised learning- Classification & Regression. Random Forest, KNN Algorithm. Unsupervised learning-Clustering & Association. Reinforcement learning.	6

References:

Sr. No.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
1	Computational Intelligence	Eberhart	Elsevier Publication
2	Artificial Intelligence: A New Synthesis	Nilsson	Elsevier Publication
3	Artificial Intelligence with Python	PrateekJoshi	Packt Publishing Ltd
4	Reinforcement and Systematic Machine	Parag Kulkarni	Wiley-IEEE Press
	Learning for Decision Making,		Edition
5	Artificial Intelligence	Saroj Kausik	Cengage Learning
6	Introduction to Machine Learning	EthemAlpaydin	PHI 2nd Edition

CSDP114B: Artificial Intelligence Practical

Sr. No.	Assignment
1	Subject teacher should conduct first lab practical on basic programs using python for
	introducing and using python environment such as,
	a) Program to print multiplication table for given no.
	b) Program to check whether the given no is prime or not.
	c) Program to find factorial of the given no
	and similar programs.
2	Write a program to implement List Operations(Nested list, Length, Concatenation,
	Membership ,Iteration ,Indexing and Slicing), List Methods(Add, Append, Extend &
	Delete)
3	Write a program to Illustrate Different Set Operations.
4	Write a program to implement Simple Chatbot.
5	Write a program to implement Breadth First Search Traversal.
6	Write a program to implement Depth First Search Traversal.
7	Write a program to implement Water Jug Problem.
8	Write aprogram to implement K -Nearest Neighbor algorithm.
9	Write a program to implement Regression algorithm.
10	Write a program to implement Random Forest Algorithm.

Course Code: CSDT 114C	Course Name: Web Services	Total Lectures (30 Hours)	
Teaching Scheme : 4 hrs/week	Examination Scheme: IA: 15 Marks UE: 35 Marks	No. of Credits 2	
Course Prerequisites:	 Strong knowledge about Java programming. Good Understanding of Object Oriented Programming concepts. Must be familiar with XML. 		
Course Objectives:	 To understand the details of web services technologies like WSDL,UDDI, SOAP To learn how to implement and deploy web service client and server To explore interoperability between different frameworks To understand the concept of RESTful system. 		
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures	
1	Web Service and SOA fundamentals Introduction to Web Services — The definition of web services, basic operational model of web services, tools and technologies enabling web services, benefits and challenges of using web services. Web Services Architecture — Web services Architecture and its characteristics, core building blocks of web services, standards and technologies available for implementing web services, web services communication models, basic steps of implementing web services.	6	
2	SOAP: Simple Object Access Protocol Inter-application communication and wire protocols, SOAP as a messaging protocol, Structure of a SOAP message, SOAP communication model, Building SOAP Web Services, developing SOAP Web Services using Java, Error handling in SOAP, Advantages and disadvantages of SOAP.	8	

3	Unit III: Describing and Discovering Web Services WSDL - WSDL in the world of Web Services, Web Services life cycle, anatomy of WSDL definition document, WSDL bindings, WSDL Tools, limitations of WSDL, Service discovery, role of service discovery in a SOA, service discovery mechanisms, UDDI - UDDI Registries, uses of UDDI Registry, Programming with UDDI, UDDI data structures, support for categorization in UDDI Registries, Publishing API, Publishing information to a UDDI Registry, searching information in a UDDI Registry, deleting information in a UDDI Registry, limitations of UDDI.	8
4	Unit IV: The REST Architectural style: Introducing HTTP, The core architectural elements of a RESTful system, Description and discovery of RESTful web services, Java tools and frameworks for building RESTful web services, JSON message format and tools and frameworks around JSON, Build RESTful web services with JAX-RS APIs, The Description and Discovery of RESTful Web Services, Design guidelines for building RESTful web services, Secure RESTful web services	8

References:

Sr. No.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
1	Building Web Services with Java,	S. Graham and others	Pearson Edn., 2008.
	2nd Edition		
2	J2EE Web Services	Richard Monson-Haefel	Pearson Education.
3	Java Web Services Programming,	R.Mogha, V.V.Preetham	Wiley India Pvt.Ltd.
4	XML, Web Services, and the Data Revolution	F.P.Coyle	Pearson Education

CSDP114C: Web Services Practical Assignments

Pre-requisites

- Strong knowledge about Java programming / PHP / .Net Framework
- Good Understanding of Object Oriented Programming concepts.
- Must be familiar with XML.

Objectives

• To understand how to develop web services using Java/PHP/.Net

Sr. No.	Assignment
1.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to greet the user according to server time and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send user name and test the web service.
2.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to convert Celsius to Fahrenheit and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send Celsius and test the web service.
3.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to find the factorial of given number and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send positive integer number and test the web service.
4.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate email id (use regular expression) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send email id and test the web service.
5.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate user name and password (use database for storing username and password) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send user name and password and test the web service.
6.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to select employee details (use database for storing emp details (eno, ename, designation, salary)) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send employee name and display the details.
7.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to select Movie details (Movie(mno, mname,release_year) and Actor(ano,aname), 1: M cardinality) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send actor name and display the details.
8.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate mobile no (use regular expression: should contain only 10 numeric no) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send mobile no and test the web service.
9.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to convert Rupees to Dollar, Pound, Euro, and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send amount in Rupees & type of conversion and tests the web service.

10.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality				
	to give the suggestion for given key word and create 'Dynamic Web Project',				
	which will host the client application that tests the web service.				
11.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality				
	to find area and volume of the circle and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which				
	will host the client application that tests the web service.				
12.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality				
	to find number of vowels in the given string and create 'Dynamic Web Project',				
	which will host the client application that tests the web service.				
13.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality				
	to convert decimal number to Binary, Octal, Hexa Decimal and create				
	'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send				
	decimal number & type of conversion and test the web service.				
14.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality				
	to validate user name and password (use database for storing username and				
	password) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client				
	application that will send user name and password and test the web service.				
15.	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality				
	for returning book price and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the				
	client application that will send Book Name				

CSUP115: PPL and Database Technologies Practical

LIST OF SCALA PROGRAMS (PPL)

Control Structures

- 1. Write a program to calculate average of all numbers between n1 and n2(eg.100 to 300 Read values of n1 and n2 from user)
- 2. Write a program to calculate factorial of a number.
- 3. Write a program to read five random numbers and check that random numbers are perfect number or not.
- 4. Write a program to find second maximum number of four given numbers.
- 5. Write a program to calculate sum of prime numbers between 1 to 100
- 6. Write a program to read an integer from user and convert it to binary and octal using user defined functions.

Arrays

- 1. Write a program to find maximum and minimum of an array
- 2. Write a program to calculate transpose of a matrix.
- 3. Write a program to calculate determinant of a matrix,
- 4. Write a program to check if the matrix is upper triangular or not.
- 5. Write a program to sort the matrix using insertion sort.
- 6. Write a program for multiplication of two matrices(Validate number of rows and columns before multiplication and give appropriate message)

String

- 1. Write a program to count uppercase letters in a string and convert it to lowercase and display the new string.
- 2. Write a program to read a character from user and count the number of occurrences of that character.
- 3. Write a program to read two strings. Remove the occurrence of second string in first string.
- 4. Create array of strings and read a string from user. Display all the elements of array containing given string.

Classes and Objects

- 1. Define a class CurrentAccount (accNo, name, balance, minBalance). Define appropriate constructors and operations withdraw(), deposit(), viewBalance(). Create an object and perform operations.
- 2. Define a class Employee (id, name, salary). Define methods accept() and display(). Display details of employee having maximum salary.
- 3. Create abstract class Order (id, description). Derive two classes PurchaseOrder& SalesOrder with members Vendor and Customer. Create object of each PurchaseOrder and SalesOrder. Display the details of each account.
- 4. Create abstract class Shape with abstract functions volume() and display(). Extend two classes Cube and Cylinder from it. Calculate volume of each and display it.

5. Create class Project (id, name, location). Define parameterized constructor. Keep a count of each object created and display the details of each project.

- 6. Define a class Sports (id, name, description, amount). Derive two classes Indoor and Outdoor. Define appropriate constructors and operations. Create an object and perform operations.
- 7. Design abstract class Employee with computeSal() as abstract function. Create two subclasses Worker and Manager. Salary of worker should be calculated on hourly basis of work and Salary of Manager should be calculated on monthly basis with additional incentives.

List

- 1. Create Lists using five different methods(Lisp style , Java style, fill, range and tabulate methods)
- 2. Create two Lists and Merge it and store the sorted in ascending order.
- 3. Create a list of integers divisible by 3 from List containing numbers from 1 to 50.
- 4. Create a list of even numbers up to 10 and calculate its product.
- 5. Write a program to create list with 10 members using function $3n^2+4n+6$
- 6. Write a program to create a list of 1 to 100 numbers. Create second list from first list selecting numbers multiple of 10.
- 7. Create a list of 50 members using function 2n+3. Create second list excluding all elements multiple of 7.

Map

- 1. Write a user defined functions to convert lowercase letter to uppercase and call the function using Map.
- 2. Write a program to create map with Rollno and FirstName. Print all student information with same FirstName.

Set

- 1. Write a program to create two sets and find common elements between them.
- 2. Write a program to display largest and smallest element of the Set
- 3. Write a program to merge two sets and calculate product and average of all elements of the Set

Database Technologies: MongoDB Practical Assignment 1

- 1. Create a database with the name 'Movie'.
- 2. A 'Film' is a collection of documents with the following fields:
 - a. Film Id
 - b. Title of the film
 - c. Year of release
 - d. Genre / Category (like adventure, action, sci-fi, romantic etc.) A film can belong to more than one genre.
 - e. Actors (First name and Last name)

A film can have more than one actor.

f. Director (First name and Last name)

A film can have more than one director.

- g. Release details (It consists of places of release, dates of release and rating of the film.)
- 3. An 'Actor' is a collection of documents with the following fields:
 - a. Actor Id
 - b. First name
 - c. Last Name
 - d. Address (Street, City, State, Country, Pin-code)
 - e. Contact Details (Email Id and Phone No)
 - f. Age of an actor.

Queries:

- 1. Insert at least 10 documents in the collection Film
 - a. Insert at least one document with film belonging to two genres.
 - b. Insert at least one document with film that is released at more than one place and on two different dates.
 - c. Insert at least three documents with the films released in the same year.
 - d. Insert at least two documents with the films directed by one director.
 - e. Insert at least two documents with films those are acted by a pair 'Madhuri Dixit' and 'Shahrukh Khan'.
- 2. Insert at least 10 documents in the collection Actor.

Make sure, you are inserting the names of actors who have acted in films, given in the 'Film' collection.

- 3. Display all the documents inserted in both the collections.
- 4. Add a value to the rating of the film whose title starts with 'T'.
- 5. Add an actor named "______" in the 'Actor' collection. Also add the details of the film in 'Film' collection in which this actor has acted in.
- 6. Delete the film "______".
- 7. Delete an actor named "_____".
- 8. Delete all actors from an 'Actor' collection who have age greater than "____"
- 9. Update the actor's address where Actor Id is "______".
- 10.Update the genre of the film directed by "

Database Technologies: MongoDB Practical Assignment 2

- 1. Create a database with name 'Company'.
- 2. An 'Employee' is a collection of documents with the following fields:
 - a. Employee ID
 - b. First Name
 - c. Last Name
 - d. Email
 - e. Phone No.
 - f. Address (House No, Street, City, State, Country, Pin-code)
 - g. Salary
 - h. Designation
 - i. Experience
 - j. Date of Joining
 - k. Birthdate
- 3. A 'Transaction' is a collection of documents with the following fields:
 - a. Transaction Id,
 - b. Transaction Date
 - c. Name (First Name of employee who processed the transaction)
 - d. Transaction Details (Item Id, Item Name, Quantity, Price)
 - e. Payment (Type of Payment (Debit/Credit/Cash), Total amount paid, Payment Successful)
 - f. Remark (Remark field can be empty.)

Queries:

- 1. Insert at least 5 documents in 'Employee' collection.
- 2. Insert multiple documents (at least 10) into the 'Transaction' collection by passing an array of documents to the db.collection.insert () method.
- 3. Display all the documents of both the collections in a formatted manner.
- 4. Update salary of all employees by giving an increment of Rs. 4000.
- 5. Update the remark for transaction id 201.
- 6. Update designation of an employee named "______" from supervisor to manager.
- 7. Update designation of an employee having Employee Id as_____.
- 8. Change the address of an employee having Employee Id as_____.
- 9. Delete transaction made by "_____" employee on the given date.
- 10.Delete all the employees whose first name starts with 'K'.

Database Technologies: MongoDB Practical Assignment 3

practice.

This assignment is based on 'Movie' database having collections 'Film' and 'Actor'.

Prerequisite: Read MongoDB Aggregate framework before executing the following assignments.

Note: It is expected that student should fill in the data relevant to the queries given in the assignment. The result set should not be empty.

1.	Find the titles of all the films starting with the letter 'R' released during the year
	2009 and 2011.
2.	Find the list of films acted by an actor "".
3.	Find all the films released in 90s.
4.	Find all films belonging to "Adventure" and "Thriller" genre.
5.	Find all the films having 'A' rating.
6.	Arrange the film names in ascending order and release year should be in descending
	order.
7.	Sort the actors in ascending order according to their age.
8.	Find movies that are comedies or dramas and are released after 2013.
9.	Show the latest 2 films acted by an actor "".
10	List the titles of films acted by actors "" and "".
11.	Retrieve films with an actor living in Spain.
12.	Retrieve films with actor details.
No	te: Similarly, additional queries can be executed based on these collections for

Database Technologies: MongoDB Practical Assignment 4

This assignment is based on 'Company' database having collections 'Employee' and 'Transaction'.

Prerequisite: Read MongoDB Aggregate framework before executing the following assignments.

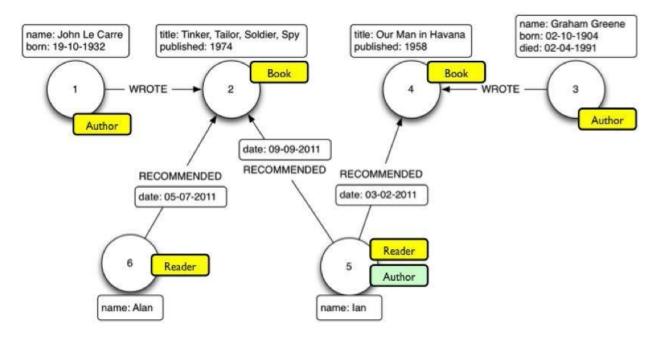
Note: It is expected that student should fill in the data relevant to the queries given in the assignment. The result set should not be empty.

- 1. Find employees having designation as either 'manager' or 'floor supervisor'.
- 2. Find an employee whose name ends with "______" and print the output in json format.
- 3. Display the name of an employee whose salary is greater than _____using a MongoDB cursor.
- 4. Sort the employees in the descending order of their designation.
- 5. Count the total number of employees in a collection.
- 6. Calculate the sum of total amount paid for all the transaction documents.
- 7. Calculate the sum of total amount paid for each payment type.
- 8. Find the transaction id of the latest transaction.
- 9. Find designation of employees who have made transaction of amount greater than Rs. 500.
- 10. Find the total quantity of a particular item sold using Map Reduce.

Database Technologies: Neo4j Practical Assignment 1

Create the following databases as graph models. Visualize the models after creation, Return properties of nodes, Return the nodes labels, Return the relationships with its properties. **NB:** You may assume and add more labels, relationships, properties to the graphs

1. Create a library database, as given below.



There are individual books, readers, and authors that are present in the library data model.. A minimal set of labels are as follows:

Book: This label includes all the books

Person: This label includes authors, translators, reviewers, Readers, Suppliers and so on

Publisher: This label includes the publishers of books in the database

A set of basic relationships are as follows:

PublishedBy: This relationship is used to specify that a book was published by a publisher **Votes**: This relationship describes the relation between a user and a book, for example, how a book was rated by a user.

ReviewedBy: This relationship is used to specify that a book was reviewed and remarked by a user.

TranslatedBy: This relationship is used to specify that a book was translated to a language by a user.

IssuedBy: This relationship is used to specify that a book was issued by a user. ReturnedBy: This relationship is used to specify that a book was returned by a user

Every book has the following properties:

Title: This is the title of the book in string format

Tags: This is an array of string tags useful for searching through the database based on topic, arguments, geographic regions, languages, and so on

Status: the book status, specifying whether its issued or in library.

Condition: book condition, new or old

Cost: Cost of book

Type: book is a Novel, Journal, suspense thriller etc

2. Consider a Song database, with labels as Artists, Song, Recording_company,

Recoding studio, song author etc.

Relationships can be as follows

Artist \longrightarrow [Performs] \longrightarrow Song \longrightarrow [Written by] \longrightarrow Song_author.

Song → [Recorded in] → Recording Studio → [managed by] → recording Company

Recording Company \longrightarrow [Finances] \longrightarrow Song

You may add more labels and relationship and their properties, as per assumptions.

3. Consider an Employee database, with a minimal set of labels as follows Employee:

denotes a person as an employee of the organization Department: denotes the different departments, in which employees work. Skillset: A list of skills acquired by an employee

Projects: A list of projects in which an employee works.

A minimal set of relationships can be as follows: Works_in:

employee works in a department Has_acquired: employee has

acquired a skill Assigned_to: employee assigned to a project

Controlled_by: A project is controlled by a department Project_manager :

Employee is a project_manager of a Project

- **4.** Consider a movie database, with nodes as Actors, Movies, Roles, Producer, Financier, Director. Assume appropriate relationships between the nodes, include properties for nodes and relationships.
- **5.** Create a Social network database , with labels as Person, Affiliations, Groups, Story, Timeline etc. Some of the relationships can be as follows:

```
Person \longrightarrow [friend of] \longrightarrow Person \longrightarrow [affiliated to] \longrightarrow affiliations
```

 $Person \longrightarrow [belongs\ to] \longrightarrow Groups, Person \longrightarrow [create] \longrightarrow Story \longrightarrow [refers\ to] \longrightarrow Person$

Person \longrightarrow [creates] \longrightarrow Timeline \longrightarrow [reference for] \longrightarrow Story,

Timeline → [contains] → Messages

Database Technologies: Neo4j Practical Assignment 2 Simple Queries.

1. Library Database:

- a) List all people, who have issued a book "....."
- b) Count the number of people who have read "...."
- c) Add a property "Number of books issued " for Mr. Joshi and set its value as the count
- d) List the names of publishers from pune city.

2. Song Database:

- a) List the names of songs written by ":...."
- b) List the names of record companies who have financed for the song "...."
- c) List the names of artist performing the song "...."
- d) Name the songs recorded by the studio "......"

3. Employee Database:

- a) List the names of employees in department "....."
- b) List the projects along with their properties, controlled by department "....."
- c) List the departments along with the count of employees in it
- d) List the skillset for an employee "....."

4. Movie Database:

- a) Find all actors who have acted in a movie "....."
- b) Find all reviewer pairs, one following the other and both reviewing the same movie, and return entire subgraphs.
- c) Find all actors that acted in a movie together after 2010 and return the actor names and movie node
- d) Find all movies produced by ""

5. Social Network Database:

- a) Find all friends of "John", along with the year, since when john knows them.
- b) List out the affiliations of John.
- c) Find all friends of john, who are born in the same year as John
- d) List out the messages posted by John in his timeline, during the year 2015.

Database Technologies: Neo4j Assignment 3 Complex pattern Queries:

1. Library database

- a) List all readers who have recommended either book "..." or "......" or "......"
- b) List the readers who haven't recommended any book
- c) List the authors who have written a book that has been read / issued by maximum number of readers.
- d) List the names of books recommended by "......" And read by at least one reader
- e) List the names of books recommended by "....." and read by maximum number of readers.
- f) List the names of publishers who haven't published any books written by authors from Pune and Mumbai.
- g) List the names of voracious readers in our library

2. Song Database:

- a) List the names of artists who have sung only songs written by "......"
- b) List the names of artists who have sung the maximum number of songs recorded by "....." studio
- c) List the names of songs financed by "....", and sung by "....."

3. Employee Database:

- a) List the names of employees having the same skills as employee "....."
- b) List the projects controlled by a department "....." and have employees of the same department working in it.
- c) List the names of the projects belonging to departments managed by employee "......"

4. Movie Database:

- a) List the names of actors that paired in multiple movies together.
- b) List all pairs of actor—movie subgraphs along with the roles played.
- c) List all reviewers and the ones they are following directly or via another a third Reviewer
- d) List the names of movies that have the most number of reviews.

4. Social Network Database:

- a) List out the people, who have created maximum timeline messages.
- b) List all friends of John's friend, Tom
- c) List the people with maximum friends
- d) List the people who are part of more than 3 groups.

Course Code: CSUT121	1 8 1		
Teaching	Examination Scheme:	(48 Hours) No. of Credits	
Scheme :	IA: 30 Marks	4	
4 hrs/week	UE: 70 Marks	T	
	Working knowledge of C programming.		
Course	 Basic Computer Architecture concepts. 		
Prerequisites:	Basic algorithms and data structure concepts.		
Course	This course teaches Advanced Operating Systems Concepts using	Unix/Linux This	
Objectives:	course strikes a delicate balance between theory and practical app		
o ageout vest	most Units start with the theory and then switches focus on how		
	implemented in a C program. This course describes the programming	-	
	Unix/Linux system - the system call interface. It is intended for	_	
	programs that run under Unix/Linux. This course provides an und		
	functions of Operating Systems. It also provides provide an insight i	•	
	modules of Operating Systems. It discusses the concepts underlying		
	implementation of Operating Systems.	C	
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures	
1	Introduction to UNIX/LinuxKernel	04	
	System Structure, User Perspective, Assumptions about		
	Hardware, Architecture of UNIX Operating System		
	(TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 1.2, 1.3, 1.5, 2.1)		
	• Concepts of Linux Programming- Files and the		
	Filesystem, Processes, Users and Groups, Permissions,		
	Signals, Interprocess Communication (TextBook-3:		
	Chapter 1- relevant topics)		
2	File and Directory I/O	15	
	 Buffer headers, structure of the buffer pool, scenarios for 		
	retrieval of a buffer, reading and writing disk blocks,		
	inodes, structure of regular file, open, read, write, lseek,		
	close, pipes, dup (TextBook- 1: Chapter Topics: 3.1-3.4,		
	4.1, 4.2, 5.1-5.3, 5.5-5.7, 5.12, 5.13)		
	• open, creat, file sharing, atomic operations, dup2, sync,		
	fsync, and fdatasync, fcntl, /dev/fd, stat, fstat, lstat, file		
	types, Set-User-ID and Set-Group-ID, file access		
	permissions, ownership of new files and directories,		
	access function, umask function, chmod and fchmod,		
	sticky bit, chown, fchown, and lchown, file size, file		
	truncation, file systems, link, unlink, remove, and		
	rename functions, symbolic links, symlink and readlink		
	functions, file times, utime, mkdir and rmdir, reading		
	directories, chdir, fchdir, and getcwd, device special files		
	(TextBook-2: Chapter Topics: 3.3, 3.4, 3.10-3.14, 3.16,		
	4.2-4.23)		

3	Process Environment, Process Control and Process Relationships		
	 Process states and transitions, layout of system memory, the context of a process, saving the context of a process, sleep, process creation, signals, process termination, awaiting process termination, invoking other programs, the user id of a process, changing the size of the process, The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8, 8.1) Process termination, environment list, memory layout of a C program, shared libraries, environment variables, setjmp and longjmp, getrlimit and setrlimit, process identifiers, fork, vfork, exit, wait and waitpid, waitid, wait3 and wait4, race conditions, exec, changing user IDs and group IDs,system function, user identification, process times (TextBook-2: Chapter Topics: 7.3, 7.5-7.7, 7.9-7.11, 8.2-8.11, 8.13, 8.15, 8.16) 		
4	 Memory Management The Process Address Space, Allocating Dynamic Memory, Managing Data Segment, Anonymous Memory Mappings, Advanced Memory Allocation, Debugging Memory Allocations, Stack-Based Allocations, Choosing a Memory Allocation Mechanism, Manipulating Memory, Locking Memory, Opportunistic Allocation (TextBook-3: Chapter 8) Swapping, Demand Paging (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 9.1, 9.2) 	06	
5	• Signal Handling • Signal concepts, signal function, unreliable signals, interrupted system calls, reentrant functions, SIGCLD semantics, reliable-signal technology, kill and raise, alarm and pause, signal sets, sigprocmask, sigpending, sigsetjmp and siglongjmp, sigsuspend, abort, system function revisited, sleep (TextBook-2: Topics: 10.2-10.13, 10.15-10.19)	08	

References:

Sr.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
No.			
1	The Design of the UNIX Operating System	Maurice J. Bach.	PHI
2	Advanced Programming in the UNIX	Richard Stevens	Addison-Wesley
	Environment		
3	Linux System Programming	Robert Love	O'Reilly

Course Code: CSUT122	Course Name: Mobile Technologies	Total Lectures (48 Hours)
Teaching Scheme : 4 hrs/week	Examination Scheme: IA: 30 Marks UE: 70 Marks	No. of Credits
Course	☐ Concepts of Networking	1
Prerequisites:	☐ Conversant with OS internals	
	☐ Familiar with the network Protocol stack	
	☐ Gain knowledge about different mobile platform	n and application
	development	
	☐ Brief History of wireless communication	
Course Objectives:	☐ To impart basic understanding of the wireless c	ommunication
	systems.	
	☐ To expose students to various aspects of mobile	e and ad-hoc
	networks.	
	☐ Understand the issues relating to Wireless appl	ications
	☐ Understand the Mobile security	T
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures
1	Introduction to Mobile Computing	03
	Introduction and need for Mobile computing	
	Mobility and portability	
	Mobile and Wireless devices	
	 Mobile Applications 	
	 Mobile Operating system – IOS, BlackBery, 	
	Windows phone, Plam OS, Symbian	
OS,PhoneGap 2 Android Fundamentals		07
2		07
	Introduction to Android - Overview and Android - Francisco of Android Francisco of Android	
	evolution of Android , Features of Android, Android architecture	
	 Components of an Android Application, 	
	Manifest file	
	Android Activity	
	Service Lifecycle	
3	Android UI Design	07
J	Basic UI Designing (Form widgets ,Text)	0,
	Fields, Layouts, [dip, dp, sip, sp] versus px)	
	• Intent(in detail)	
	All components (e.g Button , Slider, Image	
	view, Toast) Event Handling	
	Adapters and Widgets	
	• Menu	

4	Android Thread and Notification	07
	Threads running on UI thread	0,
	(runOnUiThread)	
	Worker thread	
Handlers & Runnable		
AsynTask (in detail)		
	Broadcast Receivers	
	 Services and notifications 	
	 Toast 	
	• Alarms	
5		05
3	Advanced Android Programming	03
	• Content Providers – SQLite Programming	
	• JSON Parsing	
	Accessing Phone Service(Call, SMS, MMS)	
	Location based services	
6	PhoneGap Programming	12
	Why Use PhoneGap?	
	 How PhoneGap Works 	
	 Designing for the Container 	
	 Writing PhoneGap Applications 	
	 Building PhoneGap Applications 	
	 PhoneGap Limitations 	
	 PhoneGap Plug-Ins 	
	Hello, World! Program	
	• PhoneGap APIs –1	
	Accelerometer:	
	 Querying Device Orientation, 	
	 Watching a Device's Orientation, 	
	 Creating a Contact, Searching for Contacts, 	
	Cloning Contacts, Removing Contacts.	
7	iOS Fundamentals	08
	• Introduction - What is IOS ,IOS	
	Architecture, Frameworks, Application Life	
	Cycle, Features	
	Swift - Introduction to Swift ,General	
	Concepts of Swift	
	• Xcode - Introduction to Xcode , Navigator,	
	Editor Utility, Tools, Console, Document,	
	Simulator, Instruments	
	• Startup - Application Templates,	
	Introduction to Storyboard, Hello World	
	Application, How 'Hello World' Working,	
	Debugging Database, Plist, Preference, Sqlite	
	Web Service, Restful Web Service (JSON &	
	XML)	

References:

Sr.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
No.			
1	A Course in Machine Learning	Hal Daumé III	
2	IOS Apprentice	Matthijs Hollemans	
3	PhoneGap:	Giorgio Natili,	PACKT Publication
	Beginner's Guide	Purusothaman Ramanujam	
4	Beginning Android Application	Wei-Meng Lee Wiley	
	Development		

Course Code: CSUT123	Course Name: Software Project Management	Total Lectures (48 Hours)	
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	No. of Credits	
4 hrs/week	IA: 30 Marks	4	
	UE: 70 Marks		
Course Prerequisites:	☐ Software Engineering		
	☐ Basic testing concepts		
Course Objectives:	 Software Metrics and Project Management covers skills that are required to ensure successful medium and large scale software projects. It examines Requirements Elicitation, Project Management, Verification &Validation and Management of Large Software Engineering Projects. Students learn to select and apply project management techniques for process modeling, planning, estimation, process metrics and risk management; perform software verification 		
	and validation using inspections, design and		
	system test cases.		
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures	
F ***	Introduction to Project Management		
1	□ What is a Project?		
_	☐ What is Project management?		
	☐ Project phases and project life cycle		
	☐ Organizational structure	4	
	☐ Qualities of Project Manager		
	□ WBS		
	Project Management Components		
2	☐ Project Integration Management-Project plan		
	development and execution	6	
	☐ Change controls		
	□ ССВ		
	☐ Configuration management		
	Scope Management		
	☐ Strategic planning	4	
3	☐ Scope planning, definition		
	☐ Verification and control		
	Time management		
	☐ Activity planning		
4	☐ Schedule development and control		
	☐ GANTT Chart	2	
	Cost Management		
	☐ Cost estimation and Control		
5	□ COCOMO model		
	☐ BASIC COCOMO NUMERICALS		
		2	
	Quality Management		
6	Quality planning and assurance	2	

	Human Resource Management	2
7	 Organizational planning 	
	Staff acquisition	
	Communication Management	2
8	 Information distribution 	
	Reporting	
	Risk Management	2
9	 Risk identification 	
	Quantification and control	
	Procurement Management	2
10	Solicitation management and control	
	Contract administration	
	Software Metrics	6
11	 The scope of software metrics 	
	Size- oriented metrics	
	Function oriented	
	 Software metrics data collection 	
	Analyzing software data	
	Software Reliability	6
12	Measurement and prediction	
	Resource measurement	
	Productivity, teams and tools	
	Planning a measurement program	4
13	• What is metrics plan?	
	 Developing goals, questions and metrics 	
	Where and When: Mapping measures to	
	activities	
	How: Measurement tools	
	Who: Measurers , analyst, tools revision plans	
	Quality Standards	4
14	CMM levels	
	• KPA's	
	PSP/TSP	

References:

Sr.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
No. 1.	Software Engineering	Roger Pressman	McGraw-Hill
2.	Software Metrics for Project Management and process improvement	Robert B. Grady	Prentice hill

CSDT124A: Project Guidelines

CSDP124A: Project Related Assignments

Assignment 1

Assignment 2

Assignment 3

Assignment 4

Course Code: CSDT124B	Course Name: Human Computer Interaction	Total Lectures (30 Hours)
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:	No. of Credits
4 hrs/week	IA: 15 Marks	2
	UE: 35 Marks	
Course Prerequisites:	 Foundations of Human Computer Interaction 	1
	Be familiar with the design technologies for	individuals and
	persons with disabilities	
	 Be aware of mobile HCI 	
	 Learn the guidelines for user interface. 	
Course Objectives:	 Design effective dialog for HCI. 	
	 Design effective HCI for individuals and per 	sons with
	disabilities.	
	 Assess the importance of user feedback. 	
	 Explain the HCI implications for designing n 	nultimedia/
	ecommerce/ e-learning Web sites.	
	Develop meaningful user interface.	
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures
1	FOUNDATIONS OF HCI	6
	The Human: I/O channels – Memory – Reasoning	
	and problem solving;	
	The computer: Devices – Memory – processing	
	and networks;	
	Interaction: Models – frameworks – Ergonomics –	
	styles – elements – interactivity- Paradigms.	
2	DESIGN & SOFTWARE PROCESS	7
	Interactive Design basics – process – scenarios –	
	navigation – screen design – Iteration and	
	prototyping.	
	HCI in software process – software life cycle –	
	usability engineering – Prototyping in practice –	
	design rationale.	
	Design rules – principles, standards, guidelines,	
2	rules. Evaluation Techniques – Universal Design	E
3	MODELS AND THEORIES	5
	Cognitive models –Socio-Organizational issues	
	and stake holder requirements –Communication	
	and collaboration models-Hypertext, Multimedia and WWW.	
4	MOBILE HCI	6
	Mobile Ecosystem: Platforms, Application	
	frameworks	
	Types of Mobile Applications: Widgets,	
	Applications, Games- Mobile Information	
	Architecture, Mobile 2.0, Mobile Design:	
	Elements of Mobile Design, Tools.	

5	WEB INTERFACE DESIGN	6
	Designing Web Interfaces – Drag & Drop, Direct	
	Selection, Contextual Tools, Overlays, Inlays and	
	Virtual Pages, Process Flow, Case Studies.	
	-	

References:

Sr. No.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
1	Human Computer Interaction,	Alan Dix, Janet Finlay,	3rd Edition, Pearson
	(Chapter 1, 2 & 3)	Gregory Abowd, Russell	Education, 2004
		Beale	
2	Mobile Design and Development	Brian Fling	First Edition
	(Chapter 4)		O"Reilly Media Inc.,
	_		2009
3	Designing Web Interfaces	Bill Scott and Theresa	First Edition,
	(Chapter 5)	Neil	O"Reilly, 2009

CSDP124B: Human Computer Interaction Practical Assignments

Note: Any tool or technology can be used for implementation e.g., VBDOTNET, JAVA, PHP, etc.

- 1) Understand the trouble of interacting with Computers Redesign interfaces of applications. Select any application, like land-line phone application, registration etc and understand the trouble of interacting with that application. Comment on design of that application as good or bad design based on whether interaction principles are matching with users mental model or not. Redesign the interface for mention the change in design and reason.
- 2) Know your client: Select anyone category of user and develop application understanding the user who will be using your system. Comment on the category of user selected and specific features given for the users and identify what kinds of interfaces will they like and why?. Compare with existing system analyze and rate them. Analyze user models and develop user centric interfaces for:
 - a. Children (4-5 years of age): An application to teach math.

 Perform analysis of children behavior e.g. their preferences, interests etc
 - b. Teenagers: Design a digital diary for young teens to help them overcome various social pressures they deal with during their teen years. The diary should also be like a self help tool which would help them deal with incidents like bullying, peer pressure, etc.. This is an open project and you can think in any direction to make the children sail through their teen years while trying to discover life around them.

 Perform analysis of teenagers e.g. their problems, interests, needs, etc
 - Total and the second of the se
 - c. Older generation: Folks from the older generation has been very wary of using their credit card on the Internet. They have various concerns when it comes to paying their bills. Also because of their old age, it will be beneficial for them to use the internet and pay their phone, electricity, gas, etc. bills
 - Analysis of old people e.g. their nature, interests, needs, etc
 - d. Rural people: ATVM for train ticketing in rural area Perform analysis of rural people e.g. their problems, interests, needs, language etc
 - e. Mentally disabled: Design the interface of a game for mentally disabled children.

 Analysis of mentally disabled e.g. their behavior, problems, interests...

Any tool or technology can be used for implementation e.g., VB, DOTNET, JAVA, PHP, etc.

3) Identify 5 different websites catering to one specific goal (eg. Goal – on-line shopping and 5 different websites – ebay, amazon, flipkart, zovi, myntra) and perform a competitive analysis on them to understand how each one caters to the goal, the interactions and flow of the payment system and prepare a report on the same. Consider any 8 HCI principles and prepare the following table evaluating the websites.

Sr. No	Principles	Poor	Average	Good	Good Very	Excellent
1.	Aesthetically pleasing					
2.						

- 4) To achieve simplicity one needs to optimize the number of elements on a screen, within limits of clarity. And minimize the alignment points, especially horizontal or columnar
 - 1. Calculate Screen Complexity for existing Graphical User Interface (GUI).
 - 2. Redesign the Screen by applying various guidelines to lower the complexity of selected Graphical User Interface (GUI) to achieve simplicity

Method for Measuring Complexity:

- 1. Draw a rectangle around each element on a screen, including captions, controls, headings, data, title, and so on.
- 2. Count the number of elements and horizontal alignment points (the number of columns in which a field, inscribed by a rectangle, starts).
- 3. Count the number of elements and vertical alignment points (the number of rows in which an element, inscribed by a rectangle, starts).
- 4. Calculate number of bits required by horizontal (column) alignment points and number of bits required by vertical (row) alignment points by applying following formula for calculating the measure of complexity.

$$C = -N \sum_{n=1}^{m} p_n \log_2 p_n$$

C, complexity of the system in bits

N, total number of events (widths or heights)

m, number of event classes (number of unique widths or heights)

pn, probability of occurrence of the nth event class (based on the frequency of events within that class)

- 5. Calculate overall complexity by adding the number bits required by horizontal alignment points and vertical alignment points.
- 5) Design/Redesign web user interface based on Gestalt theories and comment on the principle applied and justify. Also analyze one image in which Gestalt principle is applied and comment.

Example: Take a look at old IBM logo:



You recognize the letters as an I, a B, and an M, no problem there. But they aren't letters at all; the whole thing is a compilation of bright blue horizontal lines arranged to create the perception of a set of letters. Gestalt Property used here is Closure. Closure means that we "close" objects that are themselves not complete; not only completing the figure in our

perception, but perceiving the figure as having an extra element of aesthetic design; we look for a simple, recognizable pattern.

- 6) Design an application which consists of different types of menus such as Menu bar, Pull-Down Menu, Cascading Menu, Pop-up Menus, Tear-off Menus. Apply and explain general menu design guidelines applied for formatting, ordering, phrasing, selecting choices, and navigating menus for application which is designed.
- 7) Implement different Kinds of Windows such as message boxes, palette Windows, Pop-up Windows, primary window, secondary window, dialog boxes, message box etc. For every window designed for the application explain:
 - Purpose
 - Description
 - Components
 - Kind window
- 8) Identify separate lines of business, e.g., medical, greeting cards, law etc. Design an application using proper guidelines for icons. Comment on design of icons and their relevance in the system.

Icon design is an important process. Meaningful and recognizable icons will speed learning and recall and yield a much more effective system. Poor design will lead to errors, delays, and confusion. Looks different from all other icons.

- Is obvious what it does or represents. Is recognizable when no larger than 16 pixels square.
- Looks as good in black and white as in color. Icon Size

Supply in all standard sizes.

- 16×16 pixels.
- 16- and 256-color versions. 32×32 pixels
- 16- and 256-color versions. 48×48 pixels
- 16- and 256-color versions.
- Use colors from the system palette.
- Use an odd number of pixels along each side.
- Provides center pixel around which to focus design.
- Minimum sizes for easy selection:
- -With stylus or pen: 15 pixels square.
- With mouse: 20 pixels square.
- With finger: 40 pixels square. Provide as large a hot zone as possible. Choosing Images
- Use existing icons when available.
- Use images for nouns, not verbs.
- Use traditional images.
- Consider user cultural and social norms.

The Design Process of Icons

- Define purpose:

To begin the design process, first define the icon's purpose and use. Have the design team brainstorm about possible ideas, considering real-world metaphors.

- Collect, evaluate, and sketch ideas:

Start by designing on paper, not on the computer. Ask everyone to sketch his or her ideas.

- Draw in black and white: Many icons will be displayed in monochrome. Color is an enhancing property; consider it as such.
- Test for expectation, recognition, and learning. Choosing the objects and actions, and the icons to represent them, is not a precise process, and will not be easy. So, as in any screen design activity, adequate testing and possible refinement of developed images must be built into the design process. Icon recognition and learning should both be measured as part of the normal testing process.
- Test for legibility.
- Verify the legibility and clarity of the icons in general. Also, verify the legibility of the icons on the screen backgrounds chosen. White or gray backgrounds may create difficulties. An icon mapped in color, then displayed on a monochrome screen, may not present itself satisfactorily. Be prepared to redraw it in black and white, if necessary.
- Register new icons in the system's registry.
- Create and maintain a registry of all system icons. Provide a detailed and distinctive description of all new icons.

Course Code: CSDT124C	Course Name: Soft Computing	Total Lectures (30 Hours)
Teaching Scheme : 4 hrs/week	Examination Scheme: IA: 15 Marks UE: 35 Marks	No. of Credits 2
Course	☐ A strong mathematical background	
Prerequisites:	□ Proficiency with algorithms	
•	☐ Critical thinking and problem solving skills	
Course Objectives:	☐ To introduce the ideas of soft computational tec	hniques based on
	human experience.	
	☐ To generate an ability to design, analyze and pe	
	on real life problems using various Neural Learn	
	☐ To conceptualize fuzzy logic and its implement	ation for various
	real world applications. ☐ To apply the process of approximate reasoning	using Nouro
	Fuzzy Modeling.	using Neuro-
	☐ To provide the mathematical background	d to carry out
	optimization using genetic algorithms.	a to carry
Chapter	Course Contents	No. of Lectures
1	Introduction to Soft Computing	2
	Neural Networks: Definition, Advantages,	
	Applications, Scope.	
	Fuzzy logic: Definition, Applications.	
	Genetic Algorithms: Definition, Applications.	
2	Neural Network	15
	Fundamental Concept: Artificial Neural Network,	
	Biological Neural Network,	
	Brain vs. Computer-Comparison Between Biological Neuron and Artificial Neuron (Brain vs. Computer),	
	Artificial Neurons, Neural Networks and	
	Architectures: Neuron Abstraction, Neuron Single	
	Functions, Mathematical Preliminaries, Neural	
	Networks Defined, Architectures: Feedforward and	
	Feedback, Salient Properties of NeuralNetworks	
	Geometry of Binary Threshold Neurons and Their	
	Networks: Pattern Recognition and Data	
	Classification, Convex Sets, Convex Hulls and Linear	
	Separability, Space of Boolean Functions, Binary	
	Neurons are Pattern Dichotomizers, Non-linearly	
	Separable Problems, Capacity of a Simple Threshold	
	Logic Neuron, Revisiting the XOR Problem,	
	Multilayer Networks, How Many Hidden Nodes areEnough?	
	Learning and Memory: An Anecodatal Introduction,	
	Long Term Memory, The Behavioral Approach to	
	Learning, The Molecular Problem of Memory,	
	Learning Algorithms, Error Correction and Gradient	

	Descent Rules, Learning Objective for TLNs, Pattern Space and Weight Space. Linear Seperabilty, Hebb Network, Perceptron Network. α- Least Mean Square Learning.	
3	Fuzzy Set Theory Brief Review of Conventional Set Theory, Introduction to Fuzzy Sets, Properties of Fuzzy Sets, Operations on Fuzzy Sets, Crisp Relation, Fuzzy Relation, Tolerance and equivalence relation, Fuzzy Tolerance and equivalence relation, Fuzzy Max-Min and Max-Product Composition, Membership Functions, Fuzzification, Defuzzification to crisp sets, λ-Cuts for fuzzy Relations, Fuzzy (Ruled-Based) system, Graphical technique of inference, Membership value assignment-Intuition, Inference.	9
4	Genetic Algorithms What are Genetic Algorithms? Why Genetic Algorithms? Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques, Simple GA, Terminologies and Operators in GA, Encoding, Selection, Crossover, Mutation, Search Termination, Constraints in GA	4

References:

Sr. No.	Title of the Book	Author/s	Publication
1	Fuzzy Logic With Engineering	Timothy Ross	Wiley Publication
	Applications		
2	Introduction to Soft Computing	Deepa & Shivanandan	Wiley Publication
3	Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization and Machine Learning	David E. Goldberg	Pearson Education
4	Fundamentals of Neural Networks – Architectures, Algorithms, And Applications	Laurene Fausett	Pearson Education
5	Neural Networks	Satish Kumar	Tata McGrawHill

CSDP124C: Soft Computing Practical Assignment

Implement the programs in C/C++/Java/MATLAB

Sr. No	Assignment
1.	Write a program to implement Fuzzy Operations
	Union
	Intersection
	Complement
	Algebraic sum
	Algebraic product
	Cartesian product
2.	Write a program to implement De Morgans law.
3.	Write a program to implement Max-Min Composition and Max-Product Composition.
4.	Write a program to implement lambda cut
5.	Write a program to implement Activation Function.
6.	Write a program to implement Perceptron Learning Rule
7.	Write a program to implement Hebb's Rule
8.	Write a program to implement Feed Forward Network
9.	Write a program for building an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Back
	propagation Algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.
10.	Write a program for solving linearly separable problem using Perceptron Model.
11.	Write a program to develop supervised learning algorithm
12.	Write a program to study and analyze genetic life cycle

CSUP125: Practical on Advanced OS & Mobile Technologies

Sr. No.	Mobile Technologies Assignments
1.	Java Android Program to demonstrate login form with validation.
	Email
	Password
	LOGIN
	Not a member? Sign up now.
2.	Java Android Program to demonstrate Registration form with validation.
3.	Create the simple calculator shown below also perform appropriate operation Assignment1 1 2 3 4 6 6 7 8 9 6 7 8 9 6 7 8 9 6 7 8 9 6 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 7 8 9 9 9 9
4.	Create an Android application which examine, that a phone number, which a user has entered is in the given format. * Area code should be one of the following: 040, 041, 050, 0400, 044 * There should 6-8 numbers in telephone number (+ area code).
5.	By using Spinner, Buttons. Write a program to draw following GUI.

	Enter Item: Apple Add to spinner Remove from spinner See Response Below Apple
6.	Create an Android application, which show to the user 5-10 quiz questions. All questions have 4 possible options and one right option exactly. Application counts and shows to the user how many right answers were right and shows the result to user.
7.	Construct an app to display the image on date wise.
8.	Construct image switcher using setFactory().
9.	Construct a bank app to display different menu like windrow, deposite etc.
10.	Create an Android application, where the user can enter player name and points in one view and display it in another view.
11.	Create an Android application, the user can enter 10 students information and stored it in file and display student information in second view and also search the particular student information.
12.	Write an application to accept two numbers from the user, and displays them, but reject input if both numbers are greater than 10 and asks for two new numbers.
13.	Create table Customer (id, name, address, phno). Create Application for Performing the following operation on the table. (using sqlite database) i) Insert New Customer Details. ii) Show All the Customer Details
14.	Create an application that allows the user to enter a number in the textbox named 'getnum'. Check whether the number in the textbox 'getnum' is palindrome or not. Print the message accordingly in the label control named lbldisplay when the user clicks on the button 'check'.
15.	Create Following Table: Emp (emp_no,emp_name,address,phone,salary) Dept (dept_no,dept_name,location) Emp-Dept is related with one-many relationship. Create application for performing the following Operation on the table 1) Add Records into Emp and Dept table. 2) Accept Department name from User and delete

	employee information which belongs to that
	department.
16.	Perform following numeric operation according to user
	selection of radio button
	Enter No: 3
	Odd or Even
	Positive or Negative
	© Square
	© Factorial
	Click
	Ans: No is Odd
17.	Perform following string operation according to user
<u> </u>	selection of radio button.
	Selection of fadio button.
	Enter String: hello
	Uppercase
	© Lowercase
	© Right 5 Character © Left 5 Character
	Lett 3 Character
	Click
	Output: HELLO
18.	Java Andorid Program to Perform all arithmetic
	Operations using Calculators
19.	Java Android Program to Change the Image Displayed on
	the Screen
20.	Java Android Program to Demonstrate Alert Dialog Box
21.	Java Android Program to Demonstrate the Menu
21.	Application
22.	Java Android Program to Demonstrate List View
	Activity with all operations (Insert, delete,
	Search).
23.	Java Android Program to Display SMS from the Phone
	Numbers, which are in Your Contacts
24.	Java Android Program to send email with attachment.
25.	Create an Android application which will ask the user
	to input his name and a message, display the two
	_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
	items concatenated in a label, and change the format
	of the label using radio buttons and check boxes for
	selection, the user can make the label text bold,
	underlined or italic and change its color .include
	buttons to display the message in the label, clear
	the text boxes and label and then exit.
26.	Write a program to search a specific location on
	Google Map.
27	
27.	Write a program to perform Zoom In, Zoom Out
	operation and display Satellite view, Terrain view of

	current location on Google Map.
28.	Digital Bio Data PhoneGap Application using HTML5.
29.	Write a PhoneGap application to display push notification.
30.	Write a PhoneGap application to create a contact, Searching for Contacts, Cloning Contacts, Removing Contacts.
31.	Write a IOS application to display "Hello World'.
32.	Write aios application to display gesture recognizer.
33.	Write a Swift program to add the last character (given string) at the front and back of a given string. The length of the given string must be 1 or more.
34.	Write a Swift program to create a new string where all the character "a" have been removed except the first and last positions.
35.	Write a Swift program to create a new string made of 2 copies of the first 2 characters of a given string. The string may be any length.
36.	Students design mobile applications for the Android or iOS platforms that uniquely meet clear needs in today's markets. Student design documents include narratives, categorized use cases, screen rows, and database schemata
37.	Handling button events / actions in iOS
38.	Handling image in iOS using ImageView
39.	Write a iOS application to implement UI elements like ScrollView, TableView, Pickers, Switches
40.	Write a iOS application to Managing camera in iOS
41.	Write a iOS application to Handling audio, video and file in iOS
42.	Write a iOS application to Handling Accelerometer to manage change in position

Advanced OS Assignments

Write a following program in 'C

- 1. To create 'n' children. When the children will terminate, display total cumulative time children spent in user and kernel mode.
- 2. To generate parent process to write unnamed pipe and will read from it.
- 3. To create a file with hole in it.
- 4. Takes multiple files as Command Line Arguments and print their inode number.
- 5. To handle the two-way communication between parent and child using pipe.
- 6. Print the type of file where file name accepted through Command Line.
- 7. To demonstrate the use of atexit() function.
- 8. Open a file goes to sleep for 15 seconds before terminating.
- 9. To print the size of the file.
- 10. Read the current directory and display the name of the files, no of files in current directory.
- 11. Write a C program to implement the following unix/linux command (use fork, pipe and exec system call)

$$ls - l \mid wc - l$$

- 12. Write a C program to display all the files from current directory which are created in particular month
- 13. Write a C program to display all the files from current directory whose size is greater that n Bytes Where n is accept from user.
- 14. Write a C program to implement the following unix/linux command
 - i. ls l > output.txt
- 15. Write a C program which display the information of a given file similar to given by the unix / linux command ls –l <file name>
- 16. Write a C program that behaves like a shell (command interpreter). It has its own prompt say "NewShell\$". Any normal shell command is executed from your shell by starting a child process to execute the system program corresponding to the command. It should additionally interpret the following command.
 - i) count c <filename> print number of characters in file
 - ii) count w <filename> print number of words in file
 - iii) count l <filename> print number of lines in file
- 17. Write a C program that behaves like a shell (command interpreter). It has its own prompt say "NewShell\$". Any normal shell command is executed from your shell by starting a child process to execute the system program corresponding to the command. It should additionally interpret the following command.
 - i) list f <dirname> print name of all files in directory
 - ii) list n <dirname> print number of all entries
 - iii) list i<dirname> print name and inode of all files

18. Write a C program that behaves like a shell (command interpreter). It has its own prompt say "NewShell\$". Any normal shell command is executed from your shell by starting a child process to execute the system program corresponding to the command. It should additionally interpret the following command.

- i) typeline +10 <filename> print first 10 lines of file
- ii) typeline -20 <filename> print last 20 lines of file
- iii) typeline a <filename> print all lines of file
- 19. Write a C program that behaves like a shell (command interpreter). It has its own prompt say "NewShell\$". Any normal shell command is executed from your shell by starting a child process to execute the system program corresponding to the command. It should
 - i) additionally interpret the following command.
 - ii) search f <pattern> <filename> search first occurrence of pattern in filename
 - iii) search c <pattern> <filename> count no. of occurrences of pattern in filename
 - iv) search a <pattern> <filename> search all occurrences of pattern in filename
- 20. Write a C program which receives file names as command line arguments and display those filenames in ascending order according to their sizes.
 - i) (e.g \$ a.out a.txt b.txt c.txt, ...)
- 21. Write a C program which create a child process which catch a signal sighup, sigint and sigquit. The Parent process send a sighup or sigint signal after every 3 seconds, at the end of 30 second parent send sigquit signal to child and child terminates my displaying message "My DADDY has Killed me!!!".
- 22. Write a C program to implement the following unix/linux command (use fork, pipe and exec system call). Your program should block the signal Ctrl-C and Ctrl-\ signal during the execution.
 - i. ls-l | wc-l
- 23. Write a C Program that demonstrates redirection of standard output to a file.
- 24. Write a program that illustrates how to execute two commands concurrently with a pipe.
- 25. Write a C program that illustrates suspending and resuming processes using signals.
- 26. Write a C program that illustrates inters process communication using shared memory.