# Savitribai Phule Pune University

# S.Y. B. Sc. Geology Syllabus Structure

# S.Y.B.Sc. Geology CBCS syllabus: June 2020 Pattern

Paper no.	Title of the paper	Credit
GL 211	Structural Geology	2
GL 212	Principles of Stratigraphy and Sedimentation	2
GL 213	Practicals related to GL 211 & 212	1.5
GL 221	Global Tectonics and Geodynamics of the lithosphere	2
GL 222	Environmental Geology and Geogenic disasters	2
GL 223	Practicals related to GL 221 & 222	1.5

# S.Y.B.Sc. Geology CBCS syllabus: June 2021 Patten

Paper no.	Title of the paper	Credit
GL 211	Structural Geology	2
GL 212	Palaeontology	2
GL 213	Practicals related to GL 211 & 212	1.5
GL 221	Global Tectonics and Geodynamics of the lithosphere	2
GL 222	Environmental Geology and Geogenic disasters	2
GL 223	Practicals related to GL 221 & 222	1.5

#### Note:

- 1. The students enrolled for F. Y. B. Sc. Geology in the academic year 2019-2020, will go with June 2020 pattern.
- 2. The students who will enrol for F. Y. B.Sc. Geology in the academic year 2020-2021, will go with June 2021 pattern for S. Y. B. Sc.
- 3. June 2021 pattern with continue with further syllabus revision.

# SEMESTER – III

#### CC - V

## **GL 211: Structural Geology (2 Credits)**

- (i) **Course learning outcome:** The course deals with geological structures resulting from the action of these forces on rocks. The student will gain knowledge of the geometry of the rock structures, understand the mechanism of the evolution of rock structures and its application in the field.
- (ii) **Broad contents of the course:** The course is designed for the students to understand the geometry and mechanics of the various geological structures that result through the deformative processes operative within the earth.
- (iii) **Skills to be learned:** The students learn the skills of identifying different structures and measurements using Brunton compass which are fundamental to geological mapping. This course also helps to know how to use structures and help students' appreciate the dynamic nature of the Earth's lithosphere, learn how geologic maps are read and solve simple map problems using strike and preparations of cross sections.

	Topic	No. of
		lectures
Credit 1	: Fundamental Principles of Structures	
		_
	le of a planar feature :	2
a)	Strike and dip (true dip and apparent dip).	
b)	Strike-dip symbols for inclined, horizontal and vertical strata.	
c)	Rake and plunge.	
<b>B.</b> Brunto	n Compass, Clinometer Compass and GPS.	2
a)	Elements of a Brunton Compass and Clinometer Compass.	
b)	Use of GPS.	
c)	Strike direction, dip direction and dip amount.	
d)	Fore-bearing and back-bearing.	
C. Stress	and Strain.	5
a)	Definition and concept of stress and strain.	
b)	Three stages of deformation (Hooke's Law).	
c)	Understanding stress and strain with reference to elastic and	
ŕ	plastic deformation.	
d)	Brittle and ductile deformation.	
e)	Introduction to Stress-strain diagram.	
<b>D.</b> Factors	s controlling rock deformation.	6
a)	Factors controlling behavior of materials such as – temperature,	

	T
time, pressure (confining pressure and pore pressure), solution	
and strain rate.	2
<b>E.</b> Introduction to rock deformation and its mechanics.	3
a) Definition of rock deformation.	
b) Components of rock deformation (Translation and Rotation)	
c) Definition and examples of plastic deformation.	
d) Mechanism of plastic deformation: Intergranular and	
intragranular movements, recrystallization with and without	
change in shape (Reckie's principle).	
	Total: 18
Credit 2: Introduction to Structural Features	
A. Joints.	2
a) Definition and types of joints.	
b) Geometric and Genetic classification of Joints.	
B. Fractures.	2
a) Concept of fracture.	
b) Genetic types of fracture (tension and shear fracture).	
c) Fracturing under differential forces.	
C. Shear Zones.	3
a) Definition and types of shear zone (Simple and compound).	
b) Ideal plastic shear zone.	
c) Mylonites	
d) Shear zone indicators (Porphyroclast with recrystallized tails, S-C	
structure, Mica-fish, Imbrications and Boudinage).	
<b>D.</b> Faults.	5
a) Terminologies associated with fault plane.	
b) Nature of movement along faults (Translational and Rotational).	
c) Effects on disrupted strata.	
d) Calculation of net slip.	
e) Concept of throw and heave.	
f) Classification of faults (Geometric and Genetic)	
E. Folds.	6
a) Definition and parts of a fold.	
b) Nomenclature of folds.	
c) Plunging and Non-plunging folds.	
d) Types of folds (Flexure, shear and flow).	
e) Recognition of folds and plotting attitude of beds on a map.	
f) Determination of top of beds by Primary sedimentary structures.	
g) Classification of folds (Geometric and Genetic).	
	Total: 18

1. Ramsay, J.G. (1967) Folding and fracturing of rocks. McGraw-Hill, New York

- 2. Jain, A.K., (2014) An introduction to structural geology. Text Book series in Geological Sciences for Graduate Students. Geological Society of India, Bangalore.
- 3. Billings, M.P., (1972) Structural Geology. Prentice Hall.
- 4. Fossen, H., (2010) Structural Geology. Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Davis, G.R., (1984) Structural Geology of Rocks and Region. John Wiley
- 6. Singh, R. P., (1995) Structural Geology: A Practical Approach. Ganga Kaveri Publ., Varanasi
- 7. Hills, E.S., (1963) Elements of Structural Geology. Farrold and Sons, London.

## SEMESTER - III CC-VI

## **GL – 212: Principles of Stratigraphy and Sedimentation (2 Credits)**

- (i) Course learning outcome: The study of Stratigraphy and Palaeontology encompasses the aspects of the age of the earth, chronological arrangement of rocks and appearance and evolution of life through the geologic time. The knowledge of the concepts in Stratigraphy, correlation, and Palaeontology would enable the students to understand the changes that occurred in the history of the earth and relate them to their field observations and also, in understanding the framework of the Stratigraphy of India.
- (ii) **Broad contents of the course:** Stratigraphy and Palaeontology, the two branches of Geology work together to unearth the secrets of age from rocks of the earth's crust. Stratigraphers study the composition and arrangement of layered or stratified rocks. Palaeontologists study the remains of plants and animals which have been preserved in the earth's crust by natural processes. With these objectives in mind it becomes pertinent to understand the basic concepts of Stratigraphy and Palaeontology.
- (iii) **Skills to be learned:** The students will be exposed to the principles of Stratigraphy including Order of Superposition. They will also be able to identify primary sedimentary structures and their depositional environments.

Topics	No. of Lectures
Credit I: Principles of Stratigraphy and Sedimentation	
A) STRATIGRAPHY	8
i)Introduction, definition, principles of stratigraphy, development of	
stratigraphic concepts, importance of stratigraphy.	
ii) Stratigraphic classification & Nomenclature, study of stratigraphic	
elements, lithostratigraphy and its units, chronostratigraphy and its	
units, biostratigraphy and its units. Inter-relationship between	
lithostratigraphic, chronostratigraphic and biostratigraphic units.	
iii) Methods of collecting stratigraphic data - stratigraphic procedures on	
outcrop	
Sedimentary Petrology	4
A) Weathering (mechanical and chemical), erosion, denudation, Sediments,	
sedimentation and formation of sedimentary rocks –transportation, deposition,	

i. Sources of sediments ii. Mineral composition of clastic / detrital sediments iii. Concept of matrix and cement and its effect on porosity and permeability C) Transportation of Detrital/ Clastic sediments: i. Modes of Transportation (Including phases of traction) ii. Definition of Competence, Capacity and Load of transporting Medium iii. Progressive changes in sediments during transport with respect to size, shape and mineral composition.  Total 18  Credit II: Sedimentation  A) Textures and Primary structures of sedimentary rocks: a. Definition of texture & factors controlling textures of sedimentary rocks b. Clastic and non-clastic textures. primary sedimentary structures & their significance (a brief mention of their varieties): 1. Bedding 2. Lamination 3 Cross bedding 4 Graded bedding 5 Ripple marks 6. Chemical structures: stylolites, concretions, nodules 7. Penecontemporaneous sedimentary Structures: Load-cast, flute-cast, mud-cracks,ball& pillow, clastic dykes, slump folds, Dewatering folds 8. Study of organic sedimentary structures (in brief), Biogenic (Tracks and trails)  B) Study of following secondary deposits with respect to sedimentary environments, definition,texture/structure, mineral composition and their varieties. i) Residual-Latertite, Bauxite, Soil ii) Rudaceous- Conglomerate, Breccia iii) Arenaceous- Sandstones iv) Siltstones v) Argillaceous- Clays, Mudstone, Shale vi) Chemical deposits- Siliceous, Carbonates, Ferruginous and Salts. vi) Biochemical- Organic Limestone, Phosphatic Siliceous- and Carbonaceous Deposits.		Total 18
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compaction, cementation and lithification Classification and description of sedimentary rocks. Sedimentary environment (definition and types)  B) Derivation of sediments	sedimentary rocks. Sedimentary environment (definition and types) B) Derivation of sediments. i. Sources of sediments ii. Mineral composition of clastic / detrital sediments iii. Concept of matrix and cement and its effect on porosity and permeability C) Transportation of Detrital/ Clastic sediments: i. Modes of Transportation (Including phases of traction) ii. Definition of Competence, Capacity and Load of transporting Medium iii. Progressive changes in sediments during transport with respect to	

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- 2. Krishnan, M.S., (1982) Geology of India and Burma, 6th Edition. CBS Publ.

- 3. Ramakrishnan M, and Vaidynadhan, R (1994) Geology of India, Geological Society of India Publication, Bangalore. Vol. I &II.
- 4. Friedman & Sanders, (1978) Principles of Sedimentology. John Wiley and sons.
- 5. Pettijohn, F.J., (1975. Sedimentary rocks, Harper & Bros. 3rd Ed.
- 6. Sengupta. S., (1997) Introduction to sedimentology. Oxford-IBH.
- 7. Pettijohn F.J. (1984) Sedimentary Rocks (3rd Edition), CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi. UGC Document on LOCF Geology 35
- 8. Ravindrakumar (2018) Fundamentals of Historical Geology and Stratigraphy of India, Newage Publications.
- 9. Sengupta S.M. (2007) Introduction to Sedimentology (2nd Edition), CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- 10. Boggs S., Petrology of Sedimentary rocks (2nd edition), Cambridge University Press.
- 11. Greensmith J. (1989) Petrology of the Sedimentary rocks (7th Edition), CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 12. Tucker E.M. (2001) Sedimentary Petrology (3rd Edition), Blackwell Science Ltd.
- 13. H. Blatt, G. Middleton and R. Murray (1980) Origin of sedimentary rocks, Princeton Hall.

# SEMESTER - III GL 213: Practicals related to GL 211 and GL 212

Торіс	No. of Practicals
A: Study of Geological Maps involving:	4
a) One conformable and two conformable series.	
<b>b</b> ) One conformable series with a vertical fault.	
c) One unconformity and one vertical fault / dyke.	
<b>d</b> ) Completion of outcrop with the help of given topographic and	
lithological data.	
Note: One junction line may be partly shown with geologic / stratigraphic	
column.	
B: Structural Problems:	3
a) Problems involving hill slope (hill slope given / hill slope to be	
determined), true dip, true thickness, true width of outcrop and vertical	1
thickness of bed.	
<b>b)</b> Problems involving true and apparent dip, true and apparent thickness,	
true and apparent width of outcrop and vertical thickness of bed (true	
dip and true thickness / vertical thickness / width of outcrop given).	
c) Problems involving hill slope, attitude of the exposures of top and	
bottom of the bed on the hill slope along with true thickness of the bed	
given, finding out true dip direction, true dip amount and other	
geometrical parameters of the bed. Comment on normal or overturned	
bed.	
<b>d</b> ) Three point problems – drill hole data for a hidden planar feature at	
three non – collinear points given in the form of location, elevation and	d
absolute depth of planar feature, finding out strike, true dip direction	
and true dip amount of the planar feature. To determine one of three	
parameters where the other two parameters are known.	
Figure 1000 times to Figure 1000 times to 1000 times times to 1000 times	
Topic	
A: Stratigraphy and sedimentation:	3
a) Megascopic study of Sedimentary rocks	
<b>b</b> ) Microscopic study of sedimentary rocks	
c) Preparation of lithologs and range charts	
	Total: 10

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

#### **CC-VII**

### **GL – 221:** Global Tectonics and Geodynamics of the lithosphere (2 Credits)

### (i) Course learning outcome:

This course enables the students to appreciate the dynamic nature of the Earth processes. They will also be appraised about the geodynamics of the lithosphere and concept of isostacy, ocean floor spreading, continental drift, plate tectonics.

#### (ii) Broad contents of the course:

This course develops the concepts of plate tectonics on a global scale and analyses the physical processes responsible for the formation and destruction of the plates.

#### (iii) Skills to be learned:

The student will be introduced to the structure of the continental crust vs. oceanic crust and their geodynamic. They will also appreciate the modern concept of plate tectonics and its implications.

Topics	Nos of
	Lectures
Credit I: Geodynamics of the lithosphere	
Evolution of earth	3
Composition, physical properties & characteristics of three spherical zones of	
the Earth namely crust, mantle and core	
Structure of the lithosphere	2
lithosphere-asthenospheric interactions	3
i) Concept of Lithosphere, Asthenosphere & Mesosphere	
Low Velocity Zone (LVZ)	2
Continental crust and Oceanic crust	3
Geotherms	2
Concepts of isostacy	3
	Total 18
Credit II : Global Tectonics	
Direct & indirect observations in exploration of Earth's interior	3
Concept of Shield and Platform	3
Early crustal evolution of the earth and Introduction to concepts of Cratons,	
Shields, Platform, Mobile belt with suitable Indian examples	

Continental drift	2
Morphology of Ocean floor	2
Ocean floor spreading	2
a) Magnetic anomalies & sea floor Spreading- Mechanics & applications	
Plate tectonics	3
a) Introduction to Wilson's cycle & Concept of plate tectonics	
b) Characteristic features of plate boundaries	
Different tectonic settings on Earth-Mid Oceanic Ridges, Rift valleys and Island	
arcs (compressional and extensional)	

- 1. Patwardhan, A.M. (2012) The dynamic Earth System, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.,
- 2. Moores E.M. and Twiss R.J. (1995) Tectonics, W. H. Freeman
- 3. Valdiya, K.S.,(1984) Aspects of Tectonics: Focus on Southcentral Asia, Tata-McGraw Hill, New Delhi,
- 4. Beloussov, V.V. (1980) Geotectonics, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg
- 5. Condie, K.C.(1989) Plate Tectonics & Crustal Evolution, Butterworth-Heinemann
- 6. Billings, M.P. (1942) Structural Geology, Prentice Hall,
- 7. Badgley, P. C. (1965) Structural & Tectonic Principles, Harper & Row
- 8. Valdiya K.S. (2014) Making of India, Springer.
- 9. Valdiya K.S. (1984) Aspects of tectonics, Tata McGrath Hill.

## SEMESTER - III CC-VIII

## GL - 222: Environmental Geology and Geogenic disasters (2 Credits)

#### (i) Course learning outcome:

Know the basic fundamentals of earth science as applied to the interaction between human activity and the natural environment. Understand the occurrence and availability of both surface and subsurface water resources and the role of the hydrologic cycle and pollution. Understand the role of plate tectonics in causing earthquakes and how this understanding can aid the assessment of seismic hazard.

#### (ii) Broad contents of the course:

This course deals with water and its pollution and geogenic disasters.

#### (ii) Skills to be learned:

Students will be able to test and evaluate water quality for drinking and agricultural use. They will also have knowledge about various natural disasters.

Topics	Nos of
	Lectures
Credit I :Environmental Geology	
Interaction between human activity and the natural environment	3
Concepts, Objectives, and Scope of Environmental Geology;	
Physical, Biological, and Socio-geological Environment, Bio-geochemical cycles	
Surface and subsurface water resources	2
Hydrogeologic cycle and pollution, point, line and area sources of pollution	1
Sources of water pollution (natural and man-made), Case	3
histories related to water pollution: Minamata disease (Japan), Arsenic poisoning	
(West Bengal), and Flourosis (Bhandara), Blue Baby Nitrate	
Water quality parameters	2
BIS standards	1
Organic and inorganic pollutants,	2
Introduction to Air Pollution	1
Heavy metal pollution	1
Remedial measures	2
	Total 18
Credit II :Geo-genic disasters	
Definition, Types, Prediction, Natural hazard zones and impact assessment,	4
Natural hazard zonation maps, Significance of Geology in Disaster Management	
Plan for Earthquakes	
Richter scale, Building codes and public education	2

Volcanic Hazards	3
Origin and types of volcanic activity,	
Nature of volcanic hazards, Prediction of volcanic eruptions, and mitigation of	
volcanic hazards.	
Cyclones and Floods	2
Introduction, definition, classification, causative factors, vulnerability,	
predictability (forecasting), mitigation measures, Cyclone and flood hazards in	
India	
technological approaches (e.g., dams and levees) and land-use planning	1
approaches to avoiding flood damages	
Droughts, meteorological, agricultural and hydrologic types, mitigation of	2
droughts	
Introduction, causes and types of mass movements, Identification of landslides	3
zones, control measures, avalanches and their causes, mitigation and concept of	
safety factor	
Evaluation of technologies for landslide prevention	1
	Total 18

- 1. Verma, V.K., (1986) Geomorphology Earth surface processes and form. McGraw Hill.
- 2. Chorley, R. J., (1984) Geomorphology. Methuen.
- 3. Selby, M.J., (1996) Earths Changing Surface. Oxford University Press UK.
- 4. Thornbury W. D., (1997) Principles of Geomorphology Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Valdiya, K. S., (1987) Environmental Geology Indian Context. Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi.
- 6. Keller, E. A., (2000) Environmental Geology. Shales E. Merril Publishing Co., Columbus, Ohio.
- 7. Montgomery, C., (1984) Environmental Geology. John Wiley and Sons, London.
- 8. Bird, Eric, (2000) Coastal Geomorphology: An Introduction. John Wiley & Sons, Ltd. Singapore.
- 9. Liu, B.C., (1981) Earthquake Risk and Damage, Westview.
- 10. Sharma J. P., Environmental Studies, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd, New Delhi

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- 12. Krynine, D.P and Judd, W.R (2005) Principles of Engineering Geology and Geotechniques, CBS Publishers & Distributors
- 13. Ries, H. and T. L. Watson, (1949) Elements of Engineering Geology, New York, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

# **(2020 Pattern)**

## **SEMESTER - IV**

# GL: 223 Practicals related to GL 221 and 222

# **Practicals related to GL 221**

Title of the Practical	
Marking of Craton/ Mobile belts/ Platforms/ Sedimentary Basins	1
Practicals related to Mid Oceanic Ridges	1
Problems related to P & S waves – Interior of the Earth	2
Mathematical problems related to Geotherm/ Isostacy	1

## **Practicals related to GL 222**

Title of the Practical	
To find Water Quality Index	1
Preparation of Hazard zonation maps for India and World eg; Earthquake,	1
landslide	
Practicals related to Air Quality Analysis	1
Slope stability analysis, landslide w.r.t. jointing pattern	1
Fieldwork Component	1