

# POSTGRADUATE PROGRAMME: COURSE OUTCOME

Name of the Programme: M.A. Economics

Name of the Class	Course Code	Course Title	Course Outcomes	
<b>SEMESTER I</b>				
M.A. I	EC-1001	Micro-Economic Analysis-I	CO1	In this Paper, student is expected to understand the behaviour of an economic agent, namely, a consumer, a producer, a factor owner and the price fluctuation in a market.
			CO2	This Paper deal with the nature and scope of economics, the theory of consumer behaviour, analysis of production function and equilibrium of a producer, the price formation in different markets structures and the equilibrium of a firm and industry.
M.A. I	EC-1002	Public Economics I	CO1	Role and functions of the Government in an economy have been changing with the passage of time.
			CO2	The term ‘Public Finance’ has traditionally been applied to the package of those policies and operations which involve the use of tax and expenditure measures while budgetary policy is an important part to understand the basic problems of use of resources, distribution of income, etc.
			CO3	There are vast areas of fiscal institutions — tax systems, expenditure programmes, budgetary procedures, stabilization instruments, debt issues, levels of government.
M.A. I	EC 1003	International Trade	CO1	This course provides the students a thorough understanding and deep knowledge about the basic principles that tend to govern the free flow of trade in goods and services at the global level. The contents of the Paper spread over various modules, lay stress both on theory and applied nature of the subject

				that have registered rapid changes during the last decade.
			CO2	Besides this, the contents prepare the students to know the impact of free trade and tariffs on the different sectors of the economy as well as at the macro level. The contents of this paper also give importance to the trade policy and theory. It course provide international trade agreements and it effect on Indian Economy.
M.A. I	EC-1004	Indian Economic Policy	CO1	The candidates at the post-graduate level are expected to analyze various issues pertaining to India's economic development.
			CO2	The performance of the economy is to be assessed on the backdrop of various Five Year Plans implemented in the economy. Wherever possible, critical appraisal is expected by taking cognizance of the contemporary developments in the economy.
<b>SEMESTER II</b>				
M.A. I	EC-2001	Micro-Economic Analysis-II	CO1	In this Paper, student is expected to understand the behaviour of an economic agent, namely, a consumer, a producer, a factor owner and the price fluctuation in a market.
			CO2	This Paper deal with the nature and scope of economics, the theory of consumer behaviour, analysis of production function and equilibrium of a producer, the price formation in different markets structures and the equilibrium of a firm and industry.
M.A. I	EC-2002	Public Economics II	CO1	Role and functions of the Government in an economy have been changing with the passage of time.
			CO2	The term 'Public Finance' has traditionally been applied to the package of those policies and operations which involve the use of tax and expenditure measures while budgetary policy is an important part to understand the basic problems of use of resources, distribution of income, etc.

			CO3	There are vast areas of fiscal institutions — tax systems, expenditure programmes, budgetary procedures, stabilization instruments, debt issues, levels of government.
M.A. I	EC - 2003	International Finance	CO1	This Course provides the student about Balance of Payment and its approach and theory to understand foreign trade.
			CO2	Under this course it covers devaluation of currency, Euro Currency and Financial Market and fluctuations in the international Currency Market.
			CO3	It also covers about multinational companies and international financial system and its Crises.
M.A. I	EC-2005	Industrial Economics	CO1	The candidates are expected to understand the process of industrialization as a part of rapid economic development.
			CO2	Excepting a few references to the theoretical background the study aims at the analysis of the performance of the industrial economy of India on the backdrop of the contemporary development.
<b>SEMESTER III</b>				
M.A. II	EC-3001	Macro Economics - I	CO1	Macroeconomics or aggregative economics analyses and establishes the functional relationship between the large aggregates. The aggregate analysis has assumed such a great significance in recent times that a prior understanding of macroeconomic theoretical structure is considered essential for the proper comprehension of the different issues and policies.
			CO2	Macroeconomics is not only a scientific method of analysis; but also a body of empirical economic knowledge. The paper entitled —Macro Economic Analysis\ equips the students at the postgraduate level to understand systemic facts and latest theoretical developments for empirical analysis.
M.A. II	EC-3002	Growth and Development – I	CO1	Growth and Development is one of the most important areas of economic

				<p>exploration in the last 50-60 years. Although relatively recent in origin this subject occupies a significant position in economic theory and practice.</p>
			CO2	<p>India being a developing country, this subject becomes extremely relevant for both teachers and students. The syllabus of Semester III includes the evolution of growth models as well as important concepts such as poverty, inequality and population dynamics in the context of developing countries.</p>
M.A. II	EC-3003	Modern Banking	CO1	<p>The course intends to make students aware about the changing scenario of the modern banking role, structure, performance and the current problems faced by the banking sector in India and also in the world.</p>
			CO2	<p>It also tries to throw light on the future prospects and role of modern banking sector at the global level.</p>
			CO3	<p>Students are supposed to study the current affairs and events happening in the money market and capital market at the national and international level.</p>
M.A. II	EC- 3004	Demography	CO1	<p>The main objective of this paper is to make the students aware of the importance of population in economic development and the various theories that explain the growth of population in a country.</p>
			CO2	<p>The paper also enlightens the students on the quantitative and the qualitative aspects and characteristics of the population through various demographic techniques. In recent times, gender characteristics of the population have acquired importance and these have also been included in the framework of study.</p>
			CO3	<p>Migration and urbanization are the characteristics of structural change taking place in a society. Their study is essential to understand the dynamics of this change. The paper exposes the students to sources of population and related characteristics and also to the</p>

				rationale, need and evolution of population policy.
<b>SEMESTER IV</b>				
M.A. II	EC-4001	Macro-Economics II	CO1	Macroeconomics or aggregative economics analyses and establishes the functional relationship between the large aggregates.
			CO2	The aggregate analysis has assumed such a great significance in recent times that a prior understanding of macroeconomic theoretical structure is considered essential for the proper comprehension of the different issues and policies.
			CO3	Macroeconomics now is not only a scientific method of analysis; but also a body of empirical economic knowledge.
			CO4	The paper entitled —Macro Economics equips the students at the postgraduate level to understand systemic facts and latest theoretical developments for empirical analysis.
M.A. II	EC-4002	Growth and Development –II	CO1	Growth and Development is one of the most important areas of economic exploration in the last 50-60 years. Although relatively recent in origin this subject occupies a significant position in economic theory and practice. India being a developing country, this subject becomes extremely relevant for both teachers and students.
			CO2	The syllabus of Semester IV includes the practical aspects of the process of growth and development – including the role of agriculture and industry, external trade and resource mobilization and the role of the state and the markets.
M.A. II	EC-4003	Research Methodology	CO1	Students who complete their postgraduation in economics are mentally equipped to pursue research in the same discipline. It is generally accepted that the research is nothing but the extension and application of

				knowledge in a certain specialized field.
			CO2	Therefore regular and external students who do their post graduation will be given an opportunity to get exposed to a few elements of social science research.
			CO3	Elementary knowledge of research methodology shall consolidate and deepen their understanding of various branches of Economics.
M.A. II	EC – 4005	Economics of Environment	CO1	Environment is a part and parcel of living things in general and human beings in particular. Hence for their wellbeing and environmental balance its preservation and protection is of vital importance.
			CO2	Environmental degradation can very badly affect all living things coupled with human beings in particular. Environment can have economic aspects, which are neglected in the studies in main stream economics and its branches.
			CO3	This necessitates studying Economics of Environment as an Elective paper at post graduate level.
			CO4	The prime objective of this paper is to well equip the students regarding economic aspects of Environment and development.